

# Sedalia Evening Democrat

NEW SERIES.

## GUILTY.

Robinson Confesses to the Crime.

The Coroner's Jury Renders Its Decision and Charges That Dick Robinson Killed Hannah Schollman.

## A CROOKED STORY.

He is Held For the Grand Jury For Murder In the First Degree--Death Awaits Him.

The mystery of the terrible murder that aroused Sedalia to a fever heat when the body of Hannah Schollman, a domestic, was found Monday morning, has been solved.

Dick Robinson, the negro, has confessed to the crime, the coroner's jury has rendered its verdict accordingly, and the negro stands charged with murder in the first degree.

There is an old, old story that murder will out and that the man whose hands are stained with human blood can never escape. The people of Sedalia, whether white or black, should feel thankful that the law has now under its mighty hand the atrocious murderer who has added another crime to the criminal calendar of the city. Its majesty will be sustained and retribution meted out to the guilty.

It was generally understood at a late hour yesterday afternoon that Robinson had made a confession in the jail at California. This was strengthened by the fact that Sheriff Ellis R. Smith and Capt. J. J. Kinney were seen to leave on the noon train for the east, their destination being California.

The coroner's jury adjourned yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, met again at 8 p. m. and then adjourned until this morning when it was called to order at 8:30 o'clock.

Sheriff Smith having arrived home at 1 o'clock a. m. from California, he was summoned to the jury room to testify regarding Robinson's confession. He read the confession verbatim as follows:

### The Confession.

Hannah Schollman left Mr. Stevens' house about 5 o'clock last Sunday evening to go to Mr. Miller's, on the corner of Wilkerson street and Grand avenue. The next time I saw her I met her at the north side of Prospect street, near the school house, about 8:30 p. m. Sunday, October 23. We walked together from Second street to Grand avenue, from there to Broadway, then to Moniteau street, then direct south to Hunefelt's (her uncle's.)

We stopped at the gate and talked. She quarreled with me about Taylor Williams. She said she had a notion to cut my throat. She drew a knife to cut my throat and I knocked her down with my fist. She got upon her feet and struck at me with the knife and I grabbed the knife and knocked her down the second time.

She said: "You s--- of a

### GOOD TIMES COMING.

### Sedalia Is Advancing.

We have been looking out for big bargains and have found them. It is for you, not for ourselves that we have been watching. Our interest is yours. If you want to buy a good, first class 8 per cent. note on real estate, come and buy of us. It is safe to buy any kind of real estate now and while prices are low, and we have such big bargains, as above stated. We write insurance, loan money and buy and sell real estate.

Woodfin and Thatcher,  
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.

314 OHIO ST.

SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

I am going to kill you, or I will have it done."

She got up again and I threw her down and sat down by her side. I said: "Hannah, what do you mean?"

She said: "One of us has got to die to-night."

I told her to go into the house. (That is her uncle's house). I gave her back the knife on the south side of the hedge, near the middle of the street. I then started to go home.

She said: "If you will come back I will behave myself and go into the house. I just want to speak to you one minute."

I went back to her again and she made a break at me with the knife. I grabbed her and said: "Hannah, you had better quit. I ain't going to run from you any more."

She said: "One of us has got to die. If you don't kill me, I will kill you."

She got the knife fastened so she could not get to use it on me. I took the knife away from her, and said:

"Hannah, if one of us has got to die, I said, 'I had just as well be hung for you as you for me. I then struck her in the throat with the knife and she fell at my feet, but did not say a word. (The blood did not spurt out of her throat on to me. It just seeped out). This clause was not in the written confession, but was stated by Robison.

This took place at the corner of the hedge, at about 10 o'clock that night.

After she had fallen I stooped down and said to her, "Hannah." She did not answer. I thought I had cut her windpipe, as she did not answer me. She lay there about five minutes, and then I dragged her by catching hold of her just above her knees and dragged her about thirty feet from where I killed her.

I then threw the knife into the hedge fence. I then left her lying on the ground, and I came home by coming down Moniteau street to Broadway, then to Grand avenue, then to Wilkerson, then to Quincy street, then home to Mr. Stevens' stable.

This story was so improbable that the sheriff told him no such "Mulhatton tales" would be accepted, and advised him to tell the truth. Robinson then made the confession.

The work of the coroner's jury is now open to inspection, and presents few details of importance other than what have already been printed in the DEMOCRAT.

There are some few points of interest in the story of Amiel Meyer, a young German employed at Mayor Stevens' stable. Briefly he says:

Started for the barn from home, opposite park on West Main street, about 6 or 7 o'clock Sunday evening to feed the horses. Dick offered to feed my team if I would go up town and get him a half pint of whisky. I did so, and on returning met him in the alley between Quincy and Prospect streets. Told me to close stable doors. I said that I was going up town to get some tobacco. I was on horseback and he got on behind and rode with me as far as livery stable near Second and Vermont. He got off there at about 7 o'clock. \* \* \* I returned home after eleven o'clock; Dick had not come back. Tom Swepston said: "Is that you, Dick?" I said "no." Tom said Dick was not there. Dick had mentioned to me that he was going out riding. I said, "I would like to know who is going out riding on a cold night like this." He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

Of course, the vital point of the confession is the fact that Robinson killed the woman, yet the story is tangled and unsatisfactory in details. Robinson will undoubtedly now make a fuller and more truthful confession.

Sheriff Smith, under oath, states that the confession was made in the jail at California, at about 5 p. m., to himself and Capt. J. J. Kinney. Robinson stoutly denied having had Miss Schollman out riding in a buggy.

As he was being taken to California night before last, he stated that he hid the nightgown, etc., to shield another person and there were some who gave credence to the information that perhaps he was only an accomplice. He endeavored to substantiate this theory at the beginning of the confession yesterday afternoon and told a most unreliable story. He stated that on the night of the murder he was near the Prospect school house and heard Hannah talking loudly with some one. The party with whom she had been talking left and Robinson went to the woman and together they walked all the way from Quincy avenue south to Mr. Hunefelt's, her uncle's. She stood talking at the gate for a short time when a man suddenly approached and knocked Robinson down with a club. The assailant then struck Hannah who ran toward the house. The man then started toward the negro again when the latter commenced running and made a complete circuit of the block. The man had disappeared when he came back. He then found Hannah lying dead.

This story was so improbable that the sheriff told him no such "Mulhatton tales" would be accepted, and advised him to tell the truth. Robinson then made the confession.

The work of the coroner's jury is now open to inspection, and presents few details of importance other than what have already been printed in the DEMOCRAT.

This story was so improbable that the sheriff told him no such "Mulhatton tales" would be accepted, and advised him to tell the truth. Robinson then made the confession.

The work of the coroner's jury is now open to inspection, and presents few details of importance other than what have already been printed in the DEMOCRAT.

There are some few points of interest in the story of Amiel Meyer, a young German employed at Mayor Stevens' stable. Briefly he says:

Started for the barn from home, opposite park on West Main street, about 6 or 7 o'clock Sunday evening to feed the horses. Dick offered to feed my team if I would go up town and get him a half pint of whisky. I did so, and on returning met him in the alley between Quincy and Prospect streets. Told me to close stable doors. I said that I was going up town to get some tobacco. I was on horseback and he got on behind and rode with me as far as livery stable near Second and Vermont.

He got off there at about 7 o'clock. \* \* \* I returned home after eleven o'clock; Dick had not come back. Tom Swepston said: "Is that you, Dick?" I said "no." Tom said Dick was not there. Dick had mentioned to me that he was going out riding. I said, "I would like to know who is going out riding on a cold night like this." He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money. When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left. \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would

## DEMOCRAT.

NEW SERIES,  
Inaugurated 1891.  
Except Sunday by the  
DEMOCRAT COMP'Y.

P. B. STRATTON,  
See'y and Editor.

## SUBSCRIPTION.

SUBSCRIBERS:  
....., 10c per week.  
....., 45c per month.  
STAGE PREPAID:  
advance, ..... 5 00  
in advance, ..... 2 50  
s, in advance, ..... 1 25  
in advance, ..... 45  
e year, in advance, ..... 1 00  
months, in advance, ..... 60  
nunciations on business or

THE DEMOCRAT,  
Sedalia, Mo.

Ohio St. Telephone 232.

## of the City of Sedalia.

ly advise them for their  
s paper to be punctually  
e looked upon as a part of  
—ADISON.

## TO MY ADV'T IN



## JING DEMOCRAT.

NOTICE.—Patrons of the  
DEMOCRAT will confer a favor-  
ably by promptly report-  
ing in delivery or bad con-  
dition from improper handling.

ULATION.  
re more Sedalia  
gular readers of  
ENING DEMO-  
than any other

It doesn't explain. It  
takes its medicine  
contemporary con-  
cerns. Smith on doing  
the same paper, how-  
es Mike Doherty and  
later for doing the

ELD has gone to work in  
secure the north and  
ad. Over thirty thousand  
was subscribed at one  
d the total amount asked  
e county will be raised  
ys. Sedilians must get  
d raise their quota so as  
when other counties re-  
e enterprise is too im-  
admit of delay.

If Smith is said to be so-  
nocrats to vote for him  
or, and as the Gazette has  
at that democrats would so  
uld be well for Mr. Smith  
the following interrogatory  
he, or did he not, say  
in the presence of a  
I don't want a d—  
vote," or words to that  
ill Mr. Smith explain, or  
azette do a little explain-

R. E. FERGUSON will suc-  
eif as county judge and  
d he not? He has made  
ny one of the best and  
ficials she has ever  
tended friends of theirs who put  
them in a false light before the  
public.

The DEMOCRAT is glad to see the  
union set itself right and repudiate  
the claims and representations of  
the republican tricksters.

raud may be attempted, the DEMOCRAT feels warranted in promising that Alex. Lesueur will not burn the ballots of any county, and if such a thing should be done Stone would refuse to accept the office. There will be no Rodmanism.

## NO POLITICS IN IT.

The DEMOCRAT is in receipt of the following communication, which it prints with pleasure for the purpose of setting right the gentlemen who have been misrepresented:

To the Editor of the Democrat.

Your article under the caption of "A Political Dodge" does injustice to a worthy organization. There is not and cannot be any political motive in what is done by the union. The constitution and by-laws prohibit it. Respectfully,

G. C. MILLER, Secretary.

The Kansas City Journal, a republican paper, contained the following:

SEDALIA, Mo., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—The republican state and county tickets will profit by a little trouble that the Sedalia Typographical union is having with the management of the EVENING DEMOCRAT, who were requested on Friday last to recognize organized labor by unionizing their office.

Last night Dr. W. N. Graham, president of the DEMOCRAT company, replied to the request of the union, refusing to grant the concessions asked, on the ground that their employees are satisfied with the wages they are now receiving.

Sedalia has a branch of the Federation of Labor, and a special meeting has been called for Tuesday night, when the DEMOCRAT's opposition to organized labor will be considered.

The Bazaar, democratic, is known everywhere as an "unfair" office, while the DEMOCRAT, the other party organ, has been an "open" office in the past. This state of affairs will cost the democratic county ticket many votes among the railroad men and trades organizations, as the Gazette, the republican organ, is a union establishment throughout and has always advocated a recognition of organized labor."

A similar dispatch appeared in the Globe-Democrat, a republican paper.

The Gazette, another republican paper, had similar references to the matter.

In commenting upon the publication quoted above, the Democrat said:

"The following dispatch, which appeared in the Kansas City Journal, republican, and a similar one in the Globe-Democrat, shows that the republican schemers are trying to use labor organizations to pull political chestnuts out of the fire."

So far as the DEMOCRAT is concerned it has no quarrel with the printers' union. This office has, and has had since it was established, both union and non-union printers at work.

The management never asks a printer what church, party or organization he belongs to, leaving him free to join any organization.

The employees are giving satisfaction to the owners; their wages are satisfactory to them, and this paper does not propose to let the fact that election is near at hand cause it to turn out of employment honest, competent ladies and gentlemen who are working for it.

If the republican schemers think they can make capital out of this fact they are welcome to proceed, but the people of Pettis county, republicans and democrats, will recognize the justice of the DEMOCRAT's position and see to it that the vote cutting is not confined to one ticket."

So that our friends of the union will see that it was the republican journals, and not the DEMOCRAT, which originally sought to give political significance to the affair, and their complaint as to misrepresentation, should be lodged against those pretended friends of theirs who put them in a false light before the public.

The DEMOCRAT is glad to see the union set itself right and repudiate the claims and representations of the republican tricksters.

## IT IS THE BEST.

The Sedalia kite track has been the wonder and admiration of horsemen since it was finished, and the speed contests over it convinced the public that it was all it was represented to be.

But probably the best test was yesterday when Martha Wilkes, while admittedly not in good condition, trotted her mile in 2:08½ full two seconds faster than her driver expected her to make.

This shows that the track de-

mend it to the horsemen all over the country.

Now let the people of Sedalia, and of Missouri generally, stand by the association which had the enterprise and nerve to build such a track, and then to secure the fastest horses in the world to trot upon it.

It should make Sedalia the center of interest in trotting and packing horses in the county, and by encouraging the profitable industry of breeding fine stock add to the value of every acre of property in the county.

The gentlemen who have put their money in this enterprise deserve the support of all public spirited citizens.

The Springfield Leader contains the following complimentary reference to one of Sedalia's most worthy citizens: "Mr. Crandall left Springfield last night with a higher opinion of our people than when he arrived here last Friday, and the people of Springfield have a higher opinion of Mr. Crandall than they had before. As the head of one of the largest financial institutions in the state his word is worth as much as that of any man in Missouri, and he has no hesitation in saying that Springfield is the most substantial city, according to population, in the country. His company has hundreds of thousands of dollars loaned in Greene county and has had for years and up to the present there has not been a defalcation, hence no foreclosure. With this knowledge of the stability of Greene county he has confidence in our future and is anxious to link the Queen of the Ozarks with the Queen of the Prairies, and he returned to his home last night confident that the Springfield, Sedalia, Marshall & Northern road is a success."

THE stand taken for Cleveland by a large majority of the faculty of Amherst college, and their open endorsement of Mr. Cleveland, says the Detroit Free Press, is but another evidence of the fact that the thoughtful, earnest and intelligent voters of the country think best to serve it by securing a democratic administration. They endorse Cleveland for his fearless, his manly principles, and his public and private acts.

GR The following dispatch, which appeared in the Kansas City Journal, republican, and a similar one in the Globe-Democrat, shows that the republican schemers are trying to use labor organizations to pull political chestnuts out of the fire.

Those who have been following the stand taken for Cleveland by a large majority of the faculty of Amherst college, and their open endorsement of Mr. Cleveland, says the Detroit Free Press, is but another evidence of the fact that the thoughtful, earnest and intelligent voters of the country think best to serve it by securing a democratic administration. They endorse Cleveland for his fearless, his manly principles, and his public and private acts.

GR

## THE CAUSE OF CRIME.

## Some Sensible Suggestions From a Thoughtful Citizen.

To the Editor of the Democrat:

While there is so much crime being committed in our land, let us stop for a moment and look into some of the evils that are threatening our country.

So many parents do not seem to

see the importance of putting their children in school and keeping them there; there is no excuse for any boy or girl not having a good common school education in this day and age. We have the best public school system in the world, and those who need it the worst are the ones who do not take advantage of it, but let their children grow up in ignorance and idleness, and it is a wonder there is not more crime and vice than there is to-day.

It should make Sedalia the center of interest in trotting and packing horses in the county, and by encouraging the profitable industry of breeding fine stock add to the value of every acre of property in the county.

The gentlemen who have put their money in this enterprise deserve the support of all public spirited citizens.

You can go out upon the streets of Sedalia at almost any time and see hundreds of boys and girls who should be in schools, but they are loitering around, learning vicious habits that will be a curse to them in after years.

They do not realize what golden opportunities they are letting slip through their fingers. There is a good school in every district and town in this country, and there are employed intelligent and competent teachers to teach the children of this country. The fault lies in the parents and guardians of the children; they will be held accountable for the ignorance of the youth of this country, and in a large measure for the crime that is being perpetrated in this country to-day.

You take a child and raise him up under the influence of a good christian home and give him a good common school education and teach him to be a manly, honest child, and he will grow up to be an honest man and a good citizen, an honor to his parents and his country.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

One of the best things the youth of this country can do, after getting an education, is to learn some trade or profession and don't be satisfied until you master it; set your aim high and never be satisfied until you reach it; there is plenty of room at the top of the ladder yet. This country needs more and better mechanics, and there is plenty of room in the professions and the business world.

## Ten Broeck was good in her scenes with "The Nabob." George E.

**RAILROAD TIME-CARDS.**  
 -> Kansas and Texas Ry.  
 W. BOUND. Main Line. Arrive. Leave.  
 1, Texas Express, 5:45 p. m. 6:15 p. m.  
 " " 8:55 a. m. 9:15 a. m.  
 TH. BOUND. Main Line. Arrive. Leave.  
 2, Texas Express, 8:15 a. m. 10:40 a. m.  
 " " 5:50 p. m. 6:10 p. m.  
 -> Sedalia, Warsaw and Southern.  
 TH. BOUND. Arrives.  
 200, Accommodation, 3:00 p. m.  
 P. BOUND.

Leaves.  
 39, Accommodation. 8:15 a. m.  
 -> Missouri Pacific Ry.  
 N. LINE. WESTBOUND. Arrive. Leave.  
 1 Day Express, 3:25 p. m. 3:35 p. m.  
 3 Night Express, 3:15 a. m. 3:25 a. m.  
 5 Local Pass'g, 3:15 a. m. 3:40 p. m.  
 7 Fast Mail, 7:55 a. m. 8:00 a. m.  
 9 Texas Express, 4:55 a. m.  
 " " 7 does not carry passengers.  
 N. LINE. EASTBOUND. Arrive. Leave.  
 2 Day Express, 12:35 p. m. 12:40 p. m.  
 4 Night Express, 11:55 p. m. 12:01 a. m.  
 6 Local Pass'g, 10:40 a. m. 10:45 a. m.  
 8 Night Express, 12:40 a. m. 12:45 a. m.

Lexington Branch. WESTBOUND. Arrive. Leave.  
 193 Colorado Exp's, 10:30 a. m.  
 191 Local Pass'g, 10:30 p. m.  
 197 Local Freight, 10:55 a. m.  
 EASTBOUND. Arrive. Leave.  
 92 St. Louis Exp's, 10:30 a. m.  
 " Local Passenger, 10:30 p. m.  
 38 Local Freight, 10:00 p. m.

ckhoff & Collier,  
 ---Dealers in---  
 FANCY AND STAPLE  
 GROCERIES!  
 Provisions, Glassware,  
 Queensware, Flour, Feed  
 and Country Produce.  
 58 East Main St.  
 W. S. EPPERSON,  
 Architect and Superintendent.  
 OFFICE, 2nd floor Equitable Building,  
 chitect for all the best buildings in the  
 y.

Gentry & Offield,  
 Fine Livery!  
 erriages with experienced drivers.  
 st Fourth Street. Telephone 10.

SEDALIA  
 Building & Loan  
 Ass'n, of Sedalia, Mo.  
 CAPITAL STOCK, - \$1,000,000.  
 DIRECTORS:  
 G. TAYLOR, President. S. P. JOHNS.  
 RICHARDSON, Secretary. J. B. GALLIE.  
 F. H. GUENTHER, Treasurer.  
 This Association pays on monthly sav-  
 es of 80 cents and upward, 12 per cent.  
 emounded annually; on paid up stock 8  
 cent, payable semi-annually. No for-  
 ture of dividends. Loans money on real  
 estate security at 7 1/2 per cent. interest.  
 stock issued monthly in consecutive series  
 d matures definitely in seven years. Call  
 C. RICHARDSON, Secy.  
 No. 111 Ohio St., SEDALIA, Mo.

G. CASSIDY.  
 Distiller's agent and Wholesale  
 Liquor Dealer. Sole Agent Wm.  
 J. Lemp's Western Brewing Beer  
 Depot West Main Street, Tele-  
 phone 114.  
 17 EAST MAIN STREET,  
 SEDALIA, MO.

ZIMMERMAN. JOHN WADDELL.  
 Mo. Central Lumber Co.  
 Cheap Building Material of all kinds.  
 OFFICE AND YARD, North of Union depot,  
 Kentucky st., Sedalia, Mo.

A. LEIST, 109 W. Main. Call and see our  
 large selection of Diamonds, Solid Gold,  
 Gold and Silver Watches, Charms, Rings,  
 Jewelry of all kinds. Clocks, Musical Instruments,  
 Guns, Pistols and all kinds of Clothing.  
 Money loaned on all articles of value.

J. K. FULKERSON. J. S. CHISWELL.  
 Fulkerson & Chiswell

Attorneys at law. Room  
 A. over Minter Bros. Store.

A. K. FULKERSON. J. S. CHISWELL.  
 Fulkerson & Chiswell

Celebrated French Choc.  
 guaranteed "APHRODITINE" or money  
 refunded.

IS SOLD ON A  
 POSITIVE  
 GUARANTEE  
 to cure  
 any form  
 of nervous dia-  
 sis or any  
 disorder of  
 the gen-  
 eral  
 system  
 of either sex,  
 whether arising  
 from the excess  
 of the exces-  
 sive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or  
 through youthful indiscretions, or any  
 disease, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power,  
 Headaches, Dolorous Drowsiness, Drowsiness,  
 Seminal Weakness, Mysterious Nervous Pro-  
 tration, Nocturnal Emissions, Lumbago, Drowsiness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power and  
 Impotency, which of itself often lead to  
 premature old age and insanity. Price \$1.00 a  
 box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. Sent by mail on receipt  
 of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE is given for  
 every \$5.00 order received, to refund the money  
 if we do not live up to our guarantee. We have  
 hundreds of testimonials from old and young  
 both sexes, who have been permanently  
 cured by the use of Aphroditine. Circulars  
 & Mention paper. Address

THE APPO MEDICINE CO.

Western Branch, PORTLAND, OREGON.

FOR SALE BY  
 OVERSTREET, THE DRUGGIST.

# Public Sale OF Trotting Stock!

I will sell to the highest bidder, at my farm, one-  
 fourth mile west of **Marshall, Mo.**, on

Wednesday, Nov. 2, '92,

60 HEAD of fine bred stallions, mares, fillies and geldings, many of them standard and registered. SOME SPEEDY DRIVERS. This stock is mostly the produce of Dom Pedro, (sire of G. B., Marshall Maid, Tornado, Dominator, &c.,) of Elmwood King, son of Princeps, and Loomis, son of Brown Wilkes. I will also sell some plain work horses and drivers.

60 Head of one and two-year-old Steers. 25 Thoroughbred and Graded Cows, Heifers and Bulls; Wagons, Carriges, Buggies, Carts, &c.

An exhibition of the Trotting qualities of some of the horses will be made from 9 to 10 a. m. Send for Catalogue.

Terms Made Known on Day of Sale.

**G. B. BLANCHARD,**  
 MARSHALL, MO.

**Sicher's Cafe**  
 Ices, Tutti Frutti  
 and Ice Creams.

Plow's Candies and Cakes  
 of ALL KINDS.

Festival and picnic parties  
 will find it headquarters for  
 all needed delicacies.

**Sicher's Cafe.**

**GROVE'S**  
 Cathartic Sugar  
 (TASTELESS.)

As Pleasant to the Taste as  
 Lemon Sugar.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR  
 Constipation and Biliousness.

Does not Gripe or Produce  
 Sick Stomach.

A 25c package contains more doses  
 than any 50c Cathartic Syrup  
 on the Market.

25 DOSES FOR 25 CENTS

Manufactured by  
 PARIS MEDICINE COMP'Y  
 ST. LOUIS, MO.

For sale by OVERSTREET & WILLIAMS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1874.

**JAMES GLASS.**  
 WHOLESALE:

**LIQUORS!**

SEDALIA. MISSOURI.

Charles Kobrock,  
 Faust Restaurant and Oyster House.

Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars  
 Special brand of Imperial Beer.

114 Osage St., Sedalia, Mo.

GET THE BEST.

Progressive Endowment Guild of America,  
 \$300 to \$500 in ten years or previous  
 in case of death, \$25 to \$25 per month  
 sick, \$100 per month Benefit Fund. Business  
 like. The most desirable insurance to  
 be had. J. W. Truxel, agent for Central  
 Missouri.

114 East Fifth Street.

**ARCADE HOTEL**

HIGGINSVILLE, MO.

W. H. Dooley, Proprietor.

BEST INTERIOR HOUSE IN MISSOURI.  
 GOOD TABLE AT ALL SEASONS.

**D. E. KENNEDY,**  
 ATTORNEY AT LAW.

With Hon. John H. Bothwell, Attorney  
 and Counselor.

OFFICE:—Dempsey Building, Rooms  
 26 and 28. Practice where  
 Business calls.

10 10 10 10

Read The EVENING  
 DEMOCRAT, only  
 10 cents per week

10 10 10 10

Liquor for family use, 112  
 Osage, Frank Krueger.

10 10 10 10

## LAWLESSNESS.

Alarming State of Things at Home-  
 stead, Pa.

NON-UNION MEN ARE MALTREATED.

Driven From a Store to Be Assaulted By a  
 Mob—Women Slap Them in the  
 Mouth—The Borough May Be  
 Put Under Martial Law.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., Oct. 27.—Lawlessness  
 continues on the increase. Several  
 non-unionists were assaulted in day-  
 light and crowds which defied the  
 force of deputy sheriffs gathered in an  
 astonishing short time and carried  
 matters with a high hand.

It would appear as though spies  
 watch the movements of the deputy  
 sheriffs and the moment they are away  
 the strikers make sudden onslaught  
 upon the residences of non-union men  
 and upon the workmen. It has about  
 been decided to increase the force of  
 night deputies by fifty if good men can  
 be found, and if not the borough may  
 be placed under martial law. The sit-  
 uation is certainly very grave, accord-  
 ing to the belief of the chief and his  
 deputies. The assaults are becoming  
 bolder and more dangerous. For a  
 week not a day has passed without  
 bloodshed.

James Mulvey, a mill worker, was set  
 upon by several hundred persons on  
 Fourth avenue near Heisler street. The  
 frightened man sought refuge in a  
 grocery store and while in there women  
 in the crowd gathered rocks and piled  
 them on the street in front of the store.  
 When sufficient ammunition had been  
 secured a formal demand was made  
 upon the grocer that he deliver up Mul-  
 vey or his store would be stoned. The  
 grocer was frightened and ordered  
 the non-unionist out. As he left he  
 was struck by stones and knocked  
 down. He jumped to his feet, seized a  
 small man as a shield and then fought  
 his way through the mob. The smaller  
 striker squirmed and kicked, but Mul-  
 vey held him firmly with one hand  
 while he struck with the other. Bo-  
 rough officers arrived on the scene and  
 arrested a striker named Brown. As  
 they were seen approaching the crowd  
 dispersed, most of them rushing for  
 cover at a great rate.

A man named Hamilton, who works  
 in the mill, rented one of the houses on  
 First avenue which the Carnegie Steel  
 Co. purchased from Hon. John F. Cox.  
 A large crowd assembled and drove  
 back the drivers on the furniture vans.  
 A negro who was hauling a load of coal  
 was cut on the head with stones and his  
 horse frightened into running away.  
 The moving has been postponed until  
 morning. When the excitement was  
 highest Stewart, witness for the prosecu-  
 tion in the riot case, came along accom-  
 panied by Reporter Rumley. They were  
 immediately assailed by a shower of  
 stones and struck. Stewart drew a re-  
 volver and turned on the crowd. The  
 men fled and he walked after them.  
 Several women blocked his way and one  
 clouted him in the face. He hurled  
 a defiance at the men and walked off.

A son of Dr. Foster was assaulted and  
 beaten by the men on Eighth avenue.  
 He recognized them and has made an  
 information against them. Other minor  
 troubles were reported but no serious  
 damage resulted.

TEXAS WATERSPOUT.

Campers Swept Into a Stream and One  
 Drowned.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 27.—The  
 most destructive storm and waterspout  
 that ever visited southwest Texas oc-  
 curred in the valley of the Neches river,  
 near Nevels, yesterday. At an early  
 hour in the morning a cloud burst fifteen  
 miles west of Nevels. The Neches  
 river was in an instant a torrent. The  
 waves swept down the valley in a ter-  
 rific flood. Acres of bottom land were  
 overflowed and cattle and sheep and  
 horses were drowned by the hundreds.  
 Near the "W. N. R." ranch H. M.  
 Johnson was camping with his wife and  
 Charles Martin. The flood struck their  
 camp while they were in bed and carried  
 them into the stream. Johnson was  
 drowned, being unable to swim. His wife  
 managed to grasp a grape vine attached  
 to a tree, which she held till the  
 flood subsided, when she was rescued.  
 Martin made his escape. Johnson's body  
 has not yet been recovered.

Had Insane Fits.

GARDEN CITY, Kan., Oct. 27.—William  
 Harvey, one of the oldest residents of  
 this county, and formerly a well to do  
 merchant, committed to suicide here.  
 He has of late had insane fits in which  
 he imagined his family were starving  
 and he was driven to desperation on ac-  
 count of it.

Took His Breath Away.

STERLING, Kan., Oct. 27.—Rev. G.  
 Burdette, the colored orator who was  
 to speak here last night for the people's  
 party, was refused supper at the Trans-  
 continental hotel until after the travel-  
 ing men had gone out. As a result he  
 did not speak.

A Pebble From Above.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 26.—Prof. J. T.  
 Willard, of the Manhattan Agricultural  
 college has returned from Phillips  
 county with a meteorite, which he  
 imagines his family were starving,  
 and he was driven to desperation on ac-  
 count of it.

Died Outside His Nest.

BOONVILLE, Mo., Oct. 27.—Perry  
 Hiersley, a young man in the neighbor-  
 hood of Gooch's mill, was found dead  
 in the road yesterday morning. His  
 death was caused by drinking a large  
 quantity of raw alcohol on top of a lot  
 of bad whisky.

Kentucky Beef for Victoria's Table.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 27.—C. Alexander  
 of Paris, sold to T. C. Eastman, of  
 New York, 700 head of cattle for \$65,  
 000. The cattle were bought for the  
 Liverpool and London Christmas mar-  
 kets, and the choicest animals will be  
 sent to Queen Victoria.

Annoying to Nick.

THREE RIVERS, Que., Oct. 27.—While  
 the police guard has been withdrawn  
 from the United States consulate, the  
 family of Col. Nicholas Vrres Smith  
 are insulted in various ways when they  
 appear on the streets.

Two Printers Asphyxiated.

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—Two printers, Bor-  
 tis Goddard, of Terre Haute, Ind., and  
 John Glasner, of St. Louis, Mo., were  
 found dead in their room this morning.  
 They were asphyxiated by escaping  
 fuel gas.

Lady Churchill Quite Ill.

YORK, Oct. 27.—Lady Randolph  
 Churchill, formerly Miss Jessie Jerome  
 of New York, has been seriously ill for  
 several days past. She is better to-day,  
 but she is still in a dangerous condition.

Zenas King Passes Away.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 27.—Zenas King,  
 founder and president of the big King  
 Iron Bridge Co., died last night in this  
 city, aged 74 years.

Ben Bowlegs, a noted Creek desper-  
 ado, has been captured.

County Democracy Dead.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—The county  
 democracy is dead. In a meeting last  
 night which lasted over seven hours it  
 was decided to withdraw the whole  
 county ticket. There were twenty  
 members of the committee of thirty  
 present and the vote stood eleven for  
 withdrawing and nine against it. The  
 withdrawal of the county ticket was  
 precipitated by the action of the police  
 commissioners in refusing to allow the  
 national electors' names to be printed



# Sedalia Weekly Democrat.

NEW SERIES.

READ THE

Following and See if We Cannot Interest You

## GUILTY.

Robinson Confesses to the Crime.

## A FULL CONFESSION.

The Coroner's Jury Renders Its Decision and Charges That Dick Robinson Killed Hannah Schollman.

## A CROOKED STORY.

He is Held For the Grand Jury For Murder In the First Degree—Death Awaits Him.

The mystery of the terrible murder that aroused Sedalia to a fever heat when the body of Hannah Schollman, a domestic, was found Monday morning, has been solved.

Dick Robinson, the negro, has confessed to the crime, the coroner's jury has rendered its verdict accordingly, and the negro stands charged with murder in the first degree.

There is an old, old story that murder will out and that the man whose hands are stained with human blood can never escape. The people of Sedalia, whether white or black, should feel thankful that the law has now under its mighty hand the atrocious murderer who has added another crime to the criminal calendar of the city. Its majesty will be sustained and retribution meted out to the guilty.

It was generally understood at a late hour Wednesday afternoon that Robinson had made a confession in the jail at California. This was strengthened by the fact that Sheriff Ellis R. Smith and Capt. J. J. Kinney were seen to leave on the noon train for the east, their destination being California.

The coroner's jury adjourned Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, met again at 8 p. m. and then adjourned until Thursday, when it was called to order at 8:30 o'clock.

Sheriff Smith having arrived home at 1 o'clock a. m. from California, he was summoned to the jury room to testify regarding Robinson's confession. He read the confession verbatim as follows:

### The Confession.

Hannah Schollman left Mr. Stevens' house about 5 o'clock last Sunday evening to go to Mr. Miller's, on the corner of Wilkerson street and Grand avenue. The next time I saw her I met her at the north side of Prospect street, near the school house, about 8:30 p. m. Sunday, October 23. We walked together from Second street to Grand avenue, from there to Broadway, then to Moniteau street, then direct south to Hunefelt's (her uncle's).

We stopped at the gate and talked. She quarreled with me about Taylor Williams. She said she had a notion to cut my throat. She drew a knife to cut my throat and I knocked her down with my fist. She got upon her feet and struck at me with the knife and I grabbed the knife and knocked her down the second time.

She said: "You s—— of a —, I am going to kill you, or I will have it done."

She got up again and I threw her down and sat down by her side.

I said: "Hannah, what do you mean?"

She said: "One of us has got to die to-night."

I told her to go into the house. (That is her uncle's house). I gave her back the knife on the south side of the hedge, near the middle of the street. I then started to go home.

She said: "If you will come

back I will behave myself and go into the house. I just want to speak to you one minute."

I went back to her again and she made a break at me with the knife. I grabbed her and said: "Hannah, you had better quit. I ain't going to run from you any more."

She said: "One of us has got to die. If you don't kill me, I will kill you."

She got the knife fastened so she could not get to use it on me. I took the knife away from her, and said:

"Hannah, if one of us has got to die," I said, "I had just as well be hung for you as you for me. I then struck her in the throat with the knife and she fell at my feet, but did not say a word. (The blood did not spurt out of her throat on to me. It just seeped out). This clause was not in the written confession, but was stated by Robinson.

This took place at the corner of the hedge, at about 10 o'clock that night.

After she had fallen I stooped down and said to her, "Hannah." She did not answer. I thought I had cut her windpipe, as she did not answer me. She lay there about five minutes, and then I dragged her by catching hold of her just above her knees and dragged her about thirty feet from where I killed her.

I then threw the knife into the hedge fence. I then left her lying on the ground, and I came home by coming down Moniteau street to Broadway, then to Grand avenue, then to Wilkerson, then to Quincy street, then home to Mr. Stevens' stable.

I had been down town during the next day (Monday) and heard the people talking, and I thought I had better hide the bundle (that is, the bundle that had the comb, pocket-book and gown belonging to Hannah) in the manure pile in the south side of Stevens' barn.

Hannah gave me the bundle before we left the corner of Third street and Grand avenue, and I hid

## Johnston



### Leads in Over Coats

“ Furnishings

“ Gloves

“ Hats & caps

If you want a square deal see the American Clothier

**Johnston** 207 Ohio Street.

unreliable story. He stated that on the night of the murder he was near the Prospect school house and heard Hannah talking loudly with some one. The party with whom she had been talking left and Robinson went to the woman and together they walked all the way from Quincy avenue south to Mr. Hunefelt's, her uncle's. She stood talking at the gate for a short time when a man suddenly approached and knocked Robinson down

## BUY THE BEST

School

Shoes

—AT—

School

Shoes

—AT—

**Wm. Courtney's.**



with a club. The assailant then struck Hannah who ran toward the house. The man then started toward the negro again when the latter commenced running and made a complete circuit of the block. The man had disappeared when he came back. He then found Hannah lying dead.

This story was so improbable that the sheriff told him no such "Mulhallon tales" would be accepted, and advised him to tell the truth. Robinson then made the confession, but stated by Robinson.

All the money I had that Sunday evening and up to the time I was arrested was \$2.20.

Saturday, Oct. 27, 1892.

We, the undersigned coroner's jury, of Pettis county, after mature deliberation as to how and by whom Hannah Schollman came to her death, find that her death was the result of blows from the fist and a stroke into the neck at hands of Richard Robinson, colored, on the evening of the 23rd of October, 1892. [Signed]

E. MUEHL, Coroner,  
E. E. JOHNSTON, Foreman,  
FRANK NEWTON,  
JOSEPH KINSLEY,  
F. S. ARNOLD,  
WM. COURTYARD,  
W. P. HALEY.

Of course, the vital point of the confession is the fact that Robinson killed the woman, yet the story is tangled and unsatisfactory in details. Robinson will undoubtedly now make a fuller and more truthful confession.

Sheriff Smith, under oath, states that the confession was made in the jail at California, at about 5 p. m., to himself and Capt. J. J. Kinney. Robinson stoutly denied having had Miss Schollman out riding in a buggy.

As he was being taken to California night before last, he stated that he hid the nightgown, etc., to shield another person and there were some who gave credence to the intimation that perhaps he was only an accomplice. He endeavored to substantiate this theory at the beginning of the confession yesterday afternoon and told a most

briefly he says:

Started for the barn from home, opposite park on West Main street, about 6 or 7 o'clock Sunday evening to feed the horses. Dick offered to feed my team if I would go up town and get him a half pint of whisky. I did so, and on returning met him in the alley between Quincy and Prospect streets. Told me to close stable doors. I said that I was going up town to get some tobacco. I was on horseback and he got on behind and rode with me as far as livery stable near Second and Vermont. He got off there at about 7 o'clock. \* \* \* I returned home after eleven o'clock; Dick had not come back. Tom Swepston said: "Is that you, Dick?" I said "no." Tom said Dick was not there. Dick had mentioned to me that he

was going out riding. I said, "I

Cheapest Dry Goods House in the Line.

LEADERS IN  
Low and Popular Prices!  
Dry Goods, Dress Goods  
and Notions.

We are making the lowest prices on Dry Goods, Dress Goods and notions of any house in the line. We invite you to call and get our prices and be convinced that we are *truthful* advertisers. We give you a few quotations below, and anything you may need in Dry Goods not quoted, please call and get prices before buying.

Cheapest house in the line of Dry Goods, Dress Goods and Notions.

### NOTE BELOW:

Best Turkey Red Calico, 6½c, worth 7½c.  
Best Indigo Blue Calico, 6½c, worth 7½c.  
6c Crash for 4c.  
7c Cr-sh for 5c.  
8c Linen Crash for 6½c.  
10c Linen Crash for 8c.  
12½c Linen Crash for 10c.  
All colors Saxony Yarn, 7½c, worth 10.  
Second best Bleached Muslin, 6½c, worth 8.  
Third best Bleached Muslin, 5c, worth 7.  
Best Apron Gingham, 7½c, worth 10.  
Second best Apron Gingham, 6½c, worth 8.  
Third best Apron Gingham, 4c, worth 6½.  
Turkey Red Table Linen, 25, 30, 40 and 50c, Best Goods.  
Safety Pins, 2½c a paper.  
7 Spools Coats' Cotton, 25c.  
25 dozen Fine Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 25c, worth 50.  
Ladies' Fancy Double Dot Border Handkerchiefs, 5c, worth 10.  
25 dozen Japanese Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 15c, worth 50.  
Ladies' Hem-Stitched and Corded Border Handkerchiefs, 5c, worth 10.  
25 pieces Drapery Silk, 60 to 75c, worth 85c to \$1.  
20 pcs Novelty Suitings, 47c, worth 60.  
20 pcs Novelty Suitings, 25c, worth 40.

Our Dress Goods Stock is new and comprises all the new novelties in American, French and German Productions and sold cheaper than the cheapest.

## H. H. MAREAN

CORNER FOURTH AND OHIO STREETS.

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Paid up Capital, \$250,000.  
Surplus, \$20,000. SEDALIA, MO.

CYRUS NEWKIRK, Pres't. C. THOMPSON, D. McClure, J. R. Barret. F. H. Guenther, J. C. Thompson, H. W. Wood, E. G. Cassidy, instant Cashier.

TRANSACTS a general banking business. Accounts of banks, bankers, merchants and individuals solicited. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to them.

Banking House Corner Second and Ohio Sts.

would like to know who is going out riding on a cold night like this.

He did not answer the question. He had not returned when I left.

\* \* \* \* Dick asked me to pay for the whisky and then said that he would pay me back. As a general rule Dick did not have much money.

When I remarked to him "Who is going out riding with you on a night like this," he said "I can stand it if she can." He also said "I promised to take her out."

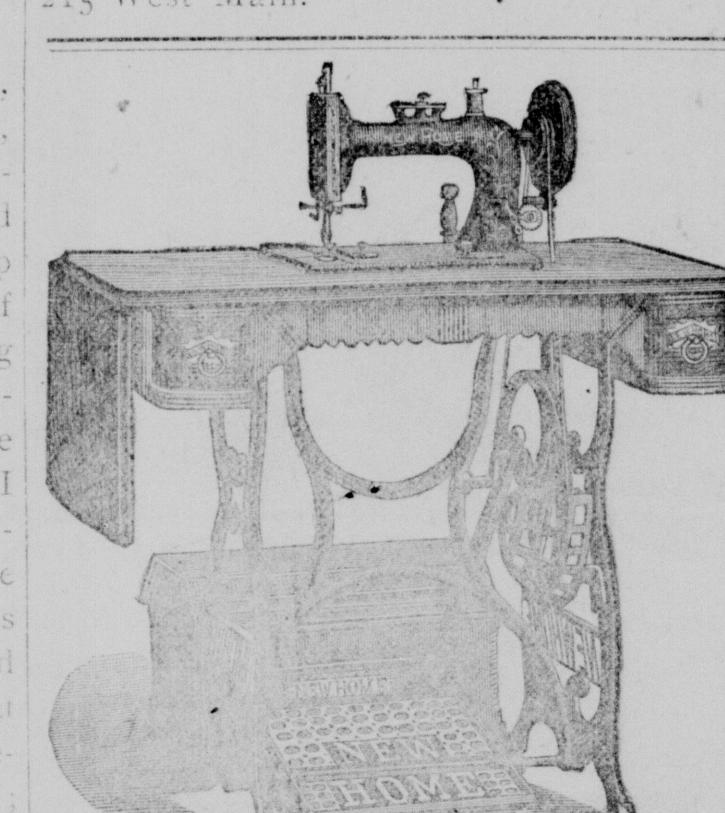
Egg case free at Connor & Graham's cheap grocery and feed store, 215 West Main.

McEnroe & Quinns.

The best meals to be had in the city any time day or night, also oysters in any style.

The finest supply of wines, liquors, and cigars in connection.

McEnroe & Quinn,  
Opp. Union Depot.



BEFORE

YOU

Buy, Go And

See My Large

Stock of Sewing

MACHINES

of all kinds.

Needles, oil and repairs for all machines.

112 West Second Street, Sedalia, Mo.

A. B. Dempsey.

## Sedalia Democrat.

BILLY STEELE will be Pettis county's next prosecuting attorney.

MIKE DOHERTY will be permitted to wear his own shoes another term.

DAN LAMONT will return from Europe Sunday and will be on hand ready to help celebrate Cleveland's election.

THERE has been a great deal of good street work done in Sedalia. There is room, however, for a great deal more.

BILLY STEELE is a successful criminal lawyer, and that is the kind of a man Pettis county wants for prosecuting attorney.

THE anguish of Chauncey I. Filley will be awful to behold when he finds that Dick Kerens has failed in his effort to carry Missouri.

WHAT has become of Russell Harrison? One blast from his horn just now would be worth several thousand votes to Cleveland.

HAVING "stood up for Missouri" until he is all covered over with spots, Major William Warner will on the evening of November 8th proceed to lay down at the request of the people of the state.

THERE has not been as much excitement and parade this year as usual in political campaigns, but the people were never more earnest, never thought of public matters more closely, and the vote will be the solemn, calm and deliberate judgment of the American people.

EXTENSIVE preparations are being made for a grand democratic rally in this city on the night of the 29th. The speakers will be Hon. Dick Dalton, Hon. Mike Moran, of St. Joseph, and Hon. John T. Heard. Clubs will be present from all parts of the county, and in size the crowd in attendance will be second only to the Stevenson rally.

SECRETARY VINCENT, of the people's party committee in Indiana, says: "We have positive evidence that Lee Crandall, editor of the *National View* of Washington, is lending assistance to the republicans, and we have strong grounds for believing that Mrs. Lease is doing the same thing." Thus commences the break-up that always follows the effort to organize new political parties.

FALL RIVER, Massachusetts, is famous as the seat of protected manufactures, but Census Supt. Porter's last bulletin reports fifty-five establishments, not previously reported, as paying their operatives average wages of only \$6.37 per week. Similar statistics from Cambridge, Massachusetts, give the operative's wages at \$5.85 per week. And yet the factory owners get rich out of the tariff.

WHEN you pay the tariff direct and have the amount specified then you can see the point, says the *Mexico Ledger*. Joseph Poit and Luke Morris have just purchased two saddles in England, which cost them about \$40. They had to pay in New York \$25.55 tariff. While most everything we purchase is protected in the same way, in a case of this kind you see the cold hard figures more plainly and still our republican "consumers" continue to vote the ticket with their eyes shut.

THE republican journals which clamor for a "free ballot and a fair count" know that the people of Missouri are assured of both under a democratic administration. And the people know, too, that they did not enjoy these rights under a republican administration, for they remember that a radical secretary of state made William Warner district attorney by burning up and refusing to count the vote of Jackson county. It should make a republican blush to look at a store during this campaign.

COL. LON. V. STEPHENS, Missouri's popular state treasurer, is known principally as a shrewd and able banker and one of the best financiers of his age in the country, but the other night he delivered in St. Louis one of the ablest, plainest and most forcible democratic speeches that has been made in the state this year, and at one step put himself in the front rank of effect-

ive political speakers. He gave a number of conclusive reasons why he is a democrat, and some equally as conclusive why Warner should not be elected governor.

## A FUNNY FELLOW.

The man engaged in a protected industry is a funny fellow.

Indeed he is a human anomaly, as different from the plain every day common man as his theory is from the natural laws of trade and commerce.

For instance:

This protected fellow is an employer of workmen, a buyer of labor, so to speak, and yet he stands up without blushing and says he is for the protective tariff system because it increases wages—because it makes higher the very thing he has to buy.

He don't do that way about anything else; if he goes out to buy a cord of wood he will beat the seller down from \$4 to \$3.50 if he can.

If he has a house or sidewalk to build he lets out the contract to the lowest instead of the highest bidder, every time.

But the ruling passion deserts him, so he says, when he comes to employing laborers in protected industries, and every once in awhile an uncontrollable desire seizes him to raise the salaries of the men who work for him and he rushes off to Washington City to work a bill through congress to raise the tariff so as to compell himself to do what he had determined to do before.

Most men desire to sell what they have to offer others at as high a price as possible. Not so this funny tariff fellow.

He stands up before the American people and contradicts human nature, history and tradition by favoring a tariff in order to reduce the price of what he has to sell.

That is what he says, and he says it like a man who either don't know he was lying or is used to it.

He says he is making goods to sell, but really his profits are so large that he wants to cheapen the product he has to sell and asks for a law to prevent anybody else from coming here and sharing the blessed privilege of selling cheaper too.

He's a funny fellow! He actually tells the American people that he, a manufacturer, wants a certain system because it makes him pay higher wages and sell his goods cheaper.

He wants to go through life a public benefactor and do business entirely for his health and the general good, but he is too proud to do so of his own free will—he must have a law to make him do it.

This funny fellow tells you this tariff is not a tax.

And then he doubles you up with merriment by the assertion that "the foreigner pays the tax."

A humorist is not bound to be logical, and therefore it is out of order to ask this funny fellow how the foreigner comes to pay it, if it is not a tax.

If you asked the question he would tell you that the foreigner, like himself, is a philanthropist and simply sends over a few hundred millions as a voluntary donation to this country.

This funny fellow is not funny for fun. It pays him. He has grown rich on it, and whether he is drinking costly wines in New York city or rustication in his private castle in Scotland, he is having a good time all the same.

THE taxpayers of Pettis county need a skilled, experienced, successful criminal lawyer, of tried and proven ability, in the office of prosecuting attorney; a lawyer who can, after a thorough investigation of a case, tell whether it is worth while to proceed in the prosecution of it and put the taxpayers to additional expense or not; and who, after deciding to prosecute a case, can prosecute it for all it is worth and hold his own with any member or members of the bar. Such a man can annually save to the taxpayers of this county thousands of dollars and bring hundreds of criminals to justice who might otherwise be turned loose upon the community, unwhipt of justice. W. D. Steele is just such a man. He fills all the requirements and should be elected.

If all of the criminal practices which the *Gazette* charges against the democrats of Kansas City were true, they would not exceed in in-

famy the act of a radical secretary of state who made William Warner district attorney by burning the ballots of Jackson county, or that later rascality which Gov. Crittenden says sent Warner to congress by stealing Philips' ballots from the boxes and substituting those bearing Warner's name.

MISSOURI has shown a more solid and substantial prosperity than any of the states around her, and her influence has been felt in every direction. Her laws are fair, impartial and rigidly enforced; her government is progressive and at the same time conservative. Her light has been shed into Illinois, Kansas and Iowa, and each of these states has learned something of the wisdom that has characterized this grand old commonwealth.

MAJOR WILLIAM MCKINLEY is the modern Orator Puff, with two tones to his voice. He goes into the eastern manufacturing region and tells the factory operatives that he favors a high tariff in order to raise wages. Then he comes out west and tells the consumers that he favors a high tariff in order to make the products of eastern factories cheap. Whenever he is taxed with his inconsistencies he shuts both eyes and goes to talking about "wild-cat banks."

ILLINOIS tried republican rule for a long time and has grown tired of it; Kansas clung to radical rule until her people were nearly bankrupt and had to change their political policies; Iowa stuck to her traditional republican ideas until the people could no longer bear the burdens imposed.

These are facts that can not be disputed, and in the face of them why should Missouri be asked to try the experiment of republican rule?

BOB PRIGMORE's campaign in the county has left his opponents only one argument (?) and that is the campaign lie that he lives in Saline county. Pettis county voters will resent this disgraceful effort to deceive them, and they will make Prigmore's majority larger than it would have been had the silly story not been started.

DR. E. MUEHL has made a courteous, polite and efficient officer. The position of coroner does not pay a princely salary by any means, but Dr. Muehl would be worthy of it if it did. He is brave, manly, honest and intelligent, and under any and all circumstances can be counted upon to do his duty.

It Pettis county is going to do anything in the way of making better roads she cannot afford to miss the opportunity of securing an experienced rock road builder as county surveyor. Tom Stanley is the man, and his election would be a long step toward getting good roads.

THE only criticism ever made of Mike Doherty as an officer is that he has done his sworn duty. That criticism is the strongest testimony as to his fitness for the place he holds, and will win him the hearty endorsement of the good people of the county.

Of course no one expects John R. Clopton to be defeated for public administrator. His long experience, as well as his unquestioned integrity, marks him as the man to look after the interests of the widows and orphans.

By almost common consent J. M. Logan will be re-elected to the office of assessor which he has so ably filled in the past. The experience he has gained will be used for the benefit of the people.

THERE will be older men than Charley Yeater in the senate, but there will be no older legislators. His familiarity with existing laws, as well as extensive information on all public questions, will make him a leader from the first day of the session.

Nobody can give a reason why Joe Hughes should not be re-elected to the office of county treasurer. He has done his duty in a way that defies criticism, while it merits endorsement.

STAND up for Missouri, for Pettis county and for Sedalia, and while you are up stand by the men who

have always stood up for their state, county and town.

THE season of the year has commenced when the progressive citizen will lend both ears to the man who wants to talk sensibly on the road question.

THE man who puts his money on Harrison should be careful to do his betting with a Sedalia man so that the money may be kept at home.

INDIANA is all right for the democracy, thanks to the depressing influence of the Harrison administration on the Hoosier republicans.

BETTER roads mean more business. Trade increases with facilities for carrying it on.

## AT THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

The Students of the High School Give a Delightful Entertainment.

The announcement that the students of the Sedalia high school would give a Columbus entertainment at the Christian church drew a large audience Friday night, every one of which was surprised and charmed at the excellence of the programme and the masterly way in which it was treated.

The chorus of voices was unusually fine and Miss Helen Gallie is to be highly congratulated for the capable manner in which she trained her pupils. The evening was opened by the chanting of the Lord's prayer and followed by the audience repeating it, being led by Rev. J. S. Myers.

Miss Marion Lowell, the well known Sedalia elocutionist, repeated her successes of the past by the delightful rendering of Edna Dean Procter's poem, "Columbus."

Superintendent A. J. Smith then delivered his lecture entitled, "Columbus, Our Hero. No Saint, No Perfect Man, But God's Message to a Darkened World." A finer effort has seldom been heard in Sedalia. It was full of poetic lines and the strong, resolute character of the old Italian navigator was made to stand out in such bold and vivid lines that even a child would not fail to remember it. He was greeted with rounds of applause throughout the delivery.

## THROWN FROM A MULE.

The Unfortunate Way by Which "Pete" Mitchell, of Morgan County, Came to His Death.

John Cauliflower has returned from Florence, in Morgan county, where he attended the funeral services of his cousin, E. P. Mitchell, which took place Wednesday evening.

Mr. Mitchell was a well known and popular farmer in Morgan county and was killed in a most sudden way. On last Tuesday he was returning from a neighboring farm where he had been building a barn. It had already grown dusk. He was riding a mule while his son was walking in the rear. As they approached his barn lot, the mule began to shy at a cow lying in the road. The boy picked up a stick to strike the cow, and in so doing caused the mule to jump and throw his father heavily to the ground. He fell heavily upon his head, and when examined, life was already gone, his neck being broken.

He was 42 years of age and leaves a wife and daughter, the latter being 12 years old.

## EXPLODING ROCKETS.

A Flambeau Boy Gets His Hand Burns Burned at the Bonnville Ball.

An accident not down on the bills, took place in the display of fireworks given by the Sedalia flambeau club at the Warner meeting at Bonnville Friday night.

Will Kelk had three sky rockets which he was preparing to explode, when in some way one of them exploded in his left hand. His thumb and fore finger were badly and painfully burned, and his entire hand blackened by the burning powder until it could not be recognized as belonging to a white man. Dr. Heaton dressed the injuries which were extremely painful and Will is now compelled to take a lay-off.

Two other rockets which he had in a box also took fire and started on a zig-zag course along the street. One of them struck Henry Meuske, a glancing blow on the leg and ended its erratic course by striking Fred Hartshorn in the side. Luckily, neither gentleman was injured.

Back from a Hunting Trip.

Ed. Love is back from Climax Springs where he went with a large hunting and fishing party about two weeks ago. Dick Baker is said to be lost in the woods somewhere between the Arkansas line and the Osage river. Ed. says that they tracked him for a long distance, but his footprints were finally lost.

They are thinking of offering a reward.

## HE IS A DEMOCRAT NOW.

T. R. Tinsley Says He Will Vote for Cleveland and Stone.

From the Kansas City Mail.

R. T. Tinsley, ex-superintendent of public buildings, and a life-long republican, who has been in the east for several months, said last night:

"There is an ominous silence all over this country, apparently a feeling of indifference in the ensuing election, which always forbodes democratic victory. The republicans lack enthusiasm because they intend to stay at home."

"You have been in New York; do you think Cleveland will carry it?"

"He will. I have been traveling through Indiana, and I am sure he will carry that state. I also expect him to carry Illinois."

"Will Warner, in your opinion, carry Missouri?"

"No, sir; he will lose Kansas City by 1,500 votes. He has been set up as a little god by a certain faction who want to sacrifice every other republican, even Harrison, for him. Good republicans are tired of this thing."

"What is Chauncey I. Filley doing?"

"O, he isn't doing anything at all for Warner," said Mr. Tinsley, significantly. "I shall vote for Stone, yes; and for Cleveland, too, and I never before scratched a republican ticket."

## THE LEXINGTON ARREST.

He Does Not Prove to be the Man Wanted for the Taylor Diamond Robbery.

Deputy Marshal Wm. Golightly, of Lexington, Mo., Friday made an arrest in that city of a man whom he supposed to be one of the three in the Taylor diamond robbery.

The fellow gave his name as J. Escort, and he was held awaiting an answer from Marshal De Long, of this city.

Marshal De Long, after reading the description sent, at once wired the Lexington authorities that the man did not fill the description. The suspect eventually proved to be a drummer. He was of a very florid complexion and had red hair. His hand was off at the wrist instead of having his arm off between the wrist and elbow, as the genuine is said to be maimed.

Marshal De Long has an accurate description of the man wanted and distinctly remembers him. Early in the morning on the day of the robbery he met the fellow on the street, told him he was a thief and ordered him to be out of town by 9 o'clock. He is dark complexioned and has a beard on his face.

## NO VACANCY.

A Statesman Who Took the Hint and Bought a New Hat.

From the Gripack.

It is not true that "the tailor makes the gentleman," but it is true that a gentleman cannot safely neglect the tailor's service if he wishes people in general to take him for what he is. A gentleman prominent in Canadian political life was somewhat too careless in this respect.

This statesman was once upon his way to call upon a friend in Quebec, and stopped an Irishman in the street to inquire the way.

"Cap you tell me where Mr. Hunter lives?" he asked.

"It's no use your going there," was the unexpected reply.

"But do you know where he lives?"

"Faith and I do. But it's no use going there."

The inquirer began to get angry.

"I didn't ask your advice. I simply want to know where Mr. Hunter lives."

"Oh, well, he lives down that street yonder—the first house round the corner; but I tell you it's no use your going there, for I've been there myself, and he's already got a man."

Mr. Hunter had advertised for a servant the day before. The statesman, so the story goes, went at once and bought a new hat.

Parable of the Lamps.

At Rich Hill the other night the gas gave out at 8 o'clock. A minister conducting a prayer meeting was telling of the wise and foolish virgins and the parable of the lamps with and without oil at the moment that the gas failed. He at once instructed the sexton to get the lamps that were in use in the church before Rich Hill had gas. The lesson of the evening was brought home by the response of the sexton that the church fund had provided neither oil nor chimneys for the lusty lamps and that they could not be used.

Back from a Hunting Trip.

# Arrested!

Dick Robinson, the Negro Suspect.

A Chain of Damaging Evidence Wound Around Him—Can He Escape?

## A BLOODY CARPET.

He Hires a Horse from a Second Street Stable—How the Arrest Came About—Now in Jail.

Two Sedalia newspaper men started at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon to run down, if possible, the murderer.

Henry Otten, the expert horse-shoer, was taken to the corner of Wilkerson and Grand avenue, where the prints of the buggy wheels and the horse's hoofs were still plainly visible. This place, the residence of Henry Miller, is where the mysterious man called for the woman.

The buggy wheels were four feet and seven inches apart; the tires  $\frac{1}{2}$  of an inch wide. The two front hoof prints of the horse's feet were large and round, and showed that shoe plates were worn. The hind feet were of peculiar shape, especially the right one, which is called a "pigeon toe."

On the return the feed stable of A. J. Fields, on West Second, was visited. In answer to a question he stated that he had no horses for hire, conducting nothing but a feed stable.

As the reporters started to leave, he remarked that "since thinking about it, he did hire a horse last night," and in a casual way said that "Dick, Mayor Stevens' negro, had taken a horse and buggy about 6:30 o'clock last night and returned with it about 9."

This was a windfall, as the negro had been strongly suspected all day.

The horse was brought out and Mr. Otten examined him. He at once pronounced it the same one that had been driven to Mr. Miller's house. The peculiarly shaped hind feet were strongly marked.

The buggy was then examined and the measurements found to correspond with those already obtained. The carpet in the bottom of the buggy was then taken to the light and a startling discovery made.

In many places were found spots of different sizes and which everybody pronounced to be blood.

This was damaging to Robinson, as he had emphatically told the officers that he had been to a meeting last night.

The carpet was brought up town and Marshal DeLong notified. He at once saw that the circumstances pointed to Robinson in a way that could not be ignored.

From the fact that the woman had thought of marrying the negro and had changed her mind and was going to marry a man in Nebraska, it was seen that there was a motive to prompt him to commit the deed.

Robinson's arrest was accordingly made, and he is now in the county jail with the most damaging of circumstantial evidence against him.

The details of the relations between the negro and the woman while the latter was alive are almost incredible—the fact that both were seemingly in love with each other, being too outrageous for decent people to think about.

A reporter saw Robinson at the jail. He said he had been out riding last night with Francis Williams, who lives north of the track.

The woman was seen later by a DEMOCRAT reporter and she stoutly denied that she had been riding with Robinson.

John Schollman and wife, parents of the girl, and her brother-in-law, Theodore Eken, arrived in the city from Lincoln Monday

### COULD FURNISH A PALACE.

So Magnificent is the Stock of a Prominent Sedalia Business House.

It is seldom that a writer has so agreeable a task as that of describing the great queensware and glassware house of D. I. Holcomb. So inexhaustive and complete in every detail is the stock and appointments of his store, that one could write a book and then fail to describe all the things worth seeing.

His business building in its entirety is 307 feet long and has a fronting on both Main and Second streets, the upper floors being continuously connected by a large archway. This arrangement gives the immense space of 27,400 square feet of floor

ing. The Main street floor, No. 113, is filled mostly with house furnishing goods, such as willow ware, baskets, tables, baby buggies, chairs, etc. The wooden ware is extensive, and includes everything that could possibly be needed in a household. The novelties in this department are so numerous that nothing short of a visit will give one an adequate idea of it.

It is to the store, No. 114 West Second street, that one turns with more than ordinary interest. Are you a lover of art? Do you admire the most exquisite perfection of color, shape and execution? If you are, a visit to this department will well repay you. The collection of cut glass, decorated china, fancy bisque figures, etc., has never been equaled before in Sedalia. There are over 200 different designs of hanging lamps, all of them beautiful and highly ornamental.

As the winter nights come on, nothing can add more to the cheerfulness of the fireside than a good lamp. The piano, students' and banquet lamps are of the latest designs. The silverware and table cutlery is of the finest quality and is sold at inviting prices. Over 100 styles of dinner sets, valued at \$10 to \$125, afford an easy selection. Mr. Holcomb and his clerks are always ready and glad to show you through the store and you should not fail to call.

### Real Estate Transfers.

J. A. Downs and wife to R. T. Quisenberry, lot 16 in block 10, Houstonia; \$100.

T. W. Cole and John W. Ireland to Joseph S. Morgan, fractional lots 6, 7, 8 and 9 in block 7, Green Ridge; \$2,000.

Davis H. Kresty and wife by J. C. Thompson, trustee, to Kate Healey, lot 11 in block 9, Heard's addition; \$175.95.

John Tivis and wife to Hebron Tivis, 10 acres in section 32, township 48, range 21; \$125.

### Circuit Court.

Circuit Court met in adjourned session yesterday afternoon, and the following entries were made during the day:

Isaac Lesem et al vs. Daniel David; account; judgement for plaintiffs for \$244, at 6 per cent interest.

F. T. Buckner vs. W. U. Telegraph Co., garnishee of J. D. Duckworth et al; garnishment; garnishee files answer to interrogatories.

Lillie E. Smith et al; ex parte; partition; report of commissioners approved and land in Chariton county ordered sold.

Mary Ann Harman vs. John Wesley Harman; divorce; decree for plaintiff as prayed in petition.

State ex rel J. R. Clopton vs. Cyrus Newkirk et al; bond; defendants file motion for new trial.

Anna B. Frasier vs. Thomas B. Frasier; divorce; decree for plaintiff as prayed in petition.

### Too Much of a Risk.

It is not unusual for colds contracted in the fall to hang on all winter. In such cases catarrh or chronic bronchitis are almost sure to result. A fifty cent bottle of Chamberlain's cough remedy will cure any cold. Can you afford to risk so much for so small an amount? This remedy is intended especially for bad colds and croup and can always be depended upon.

For sale by Aug. Fleischmann.

### A Winner.

Mr. G. B. Blanchard, of Marshall, has Dominator, by Dom Pedre, entered in the 2:35 trot for the 27th. Dominator has started in eight races this season and got first money every time.

### THE PRACTICAL JOKER.

A Bit of Alleged Humor Makes Thos. Millington a Raving Maniac.

MILAN, Tenn., Oct. 24.—A horrible joke was perpetrated on Thos. Millington at Chestnut on Saturday night. Some young men procured a coffin and marched Millington to a lonely spot, where he was told that if he did not disclose the whereabouts of a fictitious treasure he would be buried alive. He refused, but in spite of his prayers, was put in the coffin and buried for an hour.

When taken out he was a raving maniac. The accusers have fled

## FAST EXPRESS.

It Runs Into a Coal Train Near Philadelphia.

### DISASTER OCCURS IN A TUNNEL.

The Wreck Takes Fire and Terrible Deaths By Cremation Follows—Ten Killed and Probably Forty Injured.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 25.—The fast express train from Shamokin on the Reading road, due here at 9:30 yesterday morning, ran into a coal train in the West Manayunk tunnel, 10 miles from the Reading station here, and a collision resulted in which, according to the latest estimates, at least ten persons were killed. The cars caught fire in the tunnel and several of the bodies were burned.

The Shamokin express usually leaves the upper coal regions on Monday morning loaded with men employed along the line who take advantage of their Sunday's rest to go home Saturday nights and spend the day with their families.

The first rumors to reach the city was that eight persons had been killed and a number injured. This was followed later by the more alarming statement that not less than twenty-eight lives had been lost, and later still, the figures rose to the appalling total of fifty-two killed, but at noon it was declared that ten were dead and forty injured.

The ill-fated train was known as No. 2 which leaves Shamokin at 5 a. m., Pottsville at 7 and Reading an hour later. It is an express and makes few stops. It was running on the northbound track, which had been ordered kept clear, when a few minutes after 9 o'clock it crushed into engine No. 54, running north in the Manayunk tunnel.

The engineer of No. 54 had been ordered to lie at Pensoyd station, a short distance north of the scene of the accident, and it was due to his disobedience of these orders that the accident occurred. Had he remained there a few minutes longer the loss of a dozen lives and the injuring of over a score of persons would have been averted.

Both engines were badly wrecked and both tracks were blocked. In addition, portions of the wreckage were thrown against a telegraph pole, causing the breaking of the wires and rendering communication between the city and the wreck difficult.

A few minutes after the smashup the wrecked passenger cars caught fire. An alarm brought out engines, but it was some time before the flames were extinguished. Undertakers' wagons from Manayunk were soon at the accident and willing hands extricated from the wreckage the maimed and dead passengers. Up to noon fifteen injured people had been removed to St. Mary's hospital at Roxborough, a short distance away, and ten dead bodies had been taken charge of by the undertakers.

The killed so far as known, are as follows:

Thomas Walsh, fireman of the engine of the passenger train.

Jacob Kilrain, brakeman.

A mother and daughter named Smith, from Phenixville.

David S. Herr, of Harrisburg, a member of the state legislature.

W. Decker, Pottstown.

Newspaper boy on passenger train.

### THE FEUD RENEWED.

The Tolliver-Howard Vendetta of Eastern Kentucky Breaks Out Again.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 25.—A telegram received here says the Tolliver-Howard feud has broken out again in eastern Kentucky, a general fight occurring at Hogtown, Rowan county, last night between the two factions in which Col. Tolliver was shot in the breast and killed and Wylie Tolliver shot in the bowels, while Sam Howard received four rifle balls in the body. The relatives and friends of the two sides are arming and a battle is expected.

This feud had been slumbering for two years when Col. Hank Tolliver married the widow of one of the Howards, he had killed and everybody thought the troubles ended.

This feud has already resulted in more than fifty deaths and the present trouble promises to add many to this list.

### Suicide of a Cashier.

LEOTI, Kan., Oct. 25.—George W. Young, cashier of the Leoti State bank, shot himself accidentally yesterday. The wound will likely result fatally, though there is some hope.

### The Boiler Exploded.

OTTAWA, Kan., Oct. 25.—A terrific explosion occurred Sunday night in the boiler room of the Santa Fe hospital in this city, which resulted in the serious injury of Dr. Wright, the surgeon in charge, and W. E. Biss, one of his assistants. The two men, in the absence of the engineer, Walter Hill, who was confined to his room on account of sickness, were trying to get the second of the two furnaces steamed up for the first time this fall when the boiler exploded.

### Bad Man Wounded.

BUTLER, Mo., Oct. 25.—Jim Franklin, a desperado and lawless character, while resisting arrest last evening at 6 o'clock, was shot and dangerously wounded by Bacon Hartwell, deputy marshal. Franklin was drunk and drew two revolvers but the deputy was too quick for him. He was wounded three times and is not expected to live. He has served one term in the penitentiary.

### The Small End.

MEXICO, Mo., Oct. 25.—The October meeting of the Mexico fair has been a losing business, the association being \$1,700 in debt. There was only \$600 taken in at the gate during the two weeks. Yesterday the LaCrosse Library Co. garnished funds in Treasurer Clark's hands and all horsemen will be deprived of their money till the affairs of the association are adjusted.

## SHE IS DEAD.

Death of the President's Wife at the White House.

LIFE GRADUALLY FLICKERS OUT.

Her Strength Declines as the Hours and Minutes Fly By and Surrounded By Her Family She Peacefully Passes Away.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—Mrs. Harrison is no more. At 1:40 o'clock this morning came the end, and for a second time in the history of the White house a president's wife died within its walls. Mrs. Harrison met death with the patience and resignation of a devout Christian.

About 12:30 o'clock, while Dr. Gardner sat by Mrs. Harrison's side with his fingers lightly pressed to her pulse, the practiced hand discerned a noticeable weakness of the heart's action followed almost immediately by a slight decrease in respiration. He notified the grief-stricken family and it gathered around the couch. The end appeared to be very near and unless she soon rallied from the stupor into which she then was drifting she could scarcely live half an hour longer.

This intelligence had a most depressing effect upon the president who had been in constant attendance upon his afflicted wife for over nine hours and had sustained himself with the greatest difficulty. If it were possible to add to the gravity of the situation and to

the list of injured so far as known is as follows: Frank Bowen, section foreman, shoulder and wrist sprained; John Jacob, badly cut about the face; William Peal, four ribs crushed on right side, with other internal injuries, condition serious; Chris E. Sling, contusion of the shoulder.

The fatally wounded are: J. Milinore, Gus Nelson, J. J. Campbell and J. Lincoln. Several others were severely injured, but will recover. The wounded are taken to the hospital at Wehatchee and are under medical treatment.

ANOTHER WORSE TRAIN ACCIDENT.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 25.—A disastrous railroad wreck occurred on the Milwaukee & Northern branch of the St. Paul railroad, sixty miles north of this city, at 10:55 yesterday morning, resulting in the death of two men and the injuring of half a dozen more. The dead are: Thomas Fitzgerald and Nick Rengle, section hands.

The list of injured so far as known is as follows: Frank Bowen, section foreman, shoulder and wrist sprained; John Jacob, badly cut about the face; William Peal, four ribs crushed on right side, with other internal injuries, condition serious; Chris E. Sling, contusion of the shoulder.

The wrecked train was a construction train and was backing down to Plymouth from a gravel pit. A flagman was sent back to flag No. 14, a freight coming south. Either the flagman failed to perform his duty, or the signals were unobserved, and train No. 14 ran into the work train.

MRS. HARRISON.

stimulate the agonized apprehension of the sorrowing family, gathered about the scarcely animate form of the beloved wife and mother, those results were attained when Dr. Gardner, after carefully examining the countenance and feeling the pulse of the dying woman, said that the indications were that she could not last more than half an hour. This was fifteen minutes to 1.

The minutes flew past, at 1:30 the helpless form, however, still retained the spark.

The resistance offered by the constitution of the patient was surprising to the physician and all at the bedside. There was no struggle, no exhibition of pain, but a seemingly passive resistance that was beautiful in its quietude. Dr. Gardner took up the feeble hand and felt the wrist. The blood still crept through the arteries, but O, how slowly. He shook his head and said that a brief fifteen minutes must surely finish the struggle.

The agitation of the family could no longer be controlled and realizing his utter helplessness to longer cope with her formidable foe, and from consideration for the sacredness of such grief as this the physician and friend bowed his head and passed out of the door.

Outside of the threshold he took his station and waited. It was not a long time. The minutes flew like seconds and suddenly there was an expression of heart stricken woe and the end had come. The president was beside his dying wife, as he had been for nine hours continuously, and his were the last loved features her eyes had dwelt upon. Her breath was labored and very slow. As the hands of the clock crept toward the next hour it grew fainter yet and less frequent, and as the time-piece marked the hour of 1:40 o'clock there was an interruption of the feeble breath, a resumption and then a stop, this time to be the last. Life had gone out peacefully and she passed away without a struggle. It was like the snuffing of a candle. Her breathing was scarcely perceptible to those around her bedside and her life went out before they had fairly realized it.

BANKERS AS TEAMSTERS.

They Take the Places of Striking Laborers at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 25.—A serious strike of laboring men, extending to all branches of trade, is threatened here. The warehouse men and packers employed by the merchants and the drivers employed by the boss draymen made demands of their employers which were refused and this morning struck, with the effect of greatly embarrassing trade. The laborers' principal demand was that none but union men should be employed and this precipitated the strike. The employers are determined and a large and representative meeting was held this afternoon at the board of trade at which it was decided to fight to a finish. The employers declared that they would in no way recognize the union laborers. Leading bankers and merchants were driving ordinary drays and floats through the streets to the railroads and were jeered at by crowds of strikers. If the strike extends to other lines of trade the business of the city will be completely tied up.

BAKER BEATS WASHBURN.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 25.—The Baker university football team was the victor in the game played here with the Washburn college team. The score was 14 to

## Sedalia Democrat.

OLD SERIES, NEW SERIES,  
Established 1868. Inaugurated 1891.Published Daily Except Sunday by the  
Sedalia Democrat Comp'y.W. N. GRAHAM, P. B. STRATTON,  
Pres. and Manager. Sec'y and Editor.

## TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS:  
Daily, delivered..... 10c per week.  
Daily, delivered..... 45c per month.  
BY MAIL, POSTAGE PREPAID:  
Daily, one year, in advance..... 5.00  
Daily, six months, in advance..... 2.50  
Daily, three months, in advance..... 1.25  
Daily, one month, in advance..... .45  
Weekly edition, one year, in advance..... 1.00  
Weekly edition, six months, in advance..... .60Address all communications on business or  
for publication toTHE DEMOCRAT,  
Sedalia, Mo.

OFFICE: 307 Ohio St. Telephone 232.

## DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

President—GROVER CLEVELAND.  
Vice-President—A. E. STEVENSON.  
Governor—W. J. STONE.  
Lieutenant Governor—J. B. O'MEARA.  
Secretary of State—A. A. LESUER.  
Auditor—J. M. SEIBERT.  
Treasurer—LON V. STEPHENS.  
Attorney General—R. F. WALKER.  
Railroad Commissioner—JAMES COW-  
GILL.Judges of the Supreme Court—THOS. A.  
SHERWOOD, GEO. B. MACFARLANE,  
GAVON D. BURGESS.Congressman—JOHN T. HEARD.  
Circuit Judge—RICHARD FIELD.  
Criminal Judge—JOHN E. RYLAND.  
State Senator—CHARLES E. YEATER.  
Representative—R. W. PRIGMORE.Judge Eastern Dist.—R. E. FERGUSON.  
Judge Western District—H. CONWAY.  
Sheriff—JAMES S. HOPKINS.Collector—MICHAEL DOHERTY.  
Treasurer—JOSEPH S. HUGHES.  
County Attorney—W. D. STEELE.  
Coroner—EMIL MUEHL.  
Surveyor—T. O. STANLEY.  
Assessor—J. M. LOGAN.  
Administrator—J. R. CLOPTON.  
Constable—W. D. WALLACE.

## SEDALIANS FOR SEDALIA.

Sedalia is a growing, ambitious  
city.

She wants the state capital.

She wants a large appropriation  
for a state fair.She wants several other things  
that can only be had at the hands  
of the general assembly.The general assembly of Missouri  
will be democratic, and the most  
influential members will naturally  
be democrats.Then if Sedalia has measures she  
wants enacted, other things being  
equal, a democrat can serve her  
most efficiently.Sedalia has as a candidate for the  
senate one of her worthiest citizens  
in the person of Hon. Chas. E.  
Yeater.He is an honorable, upright, hon-  
est man.He is a man of ability and fit to  
be a leader in the senate—a pleasing,  
eloquent speaker and a close  
thinker.Then he is a Sedalia man. Next  
to his family comes his town, and  
as a representative in the senate he  
would be on guard for Sedalia and  
Sedalia's interests.Not on guard for democrats only,  
but for the town; for the general  
public interests, and his services in  
this way will be as valuable to re-  
publican business men as to demo-  
crats.And yet the *Gazette*, a newspaper  
published in Sedalia and dependent  
upon Sedalia business men for sup-  
port, lets its partisanship blind it to  
the public interest and makes a  
most unreasonable war upon Mr.  
Yeater merely because he did what  
the law required him to do in the  
matter of bringing tax suits.That is not the way other towns  
do when they have measures pend-  
ing in the general assembly.Jefferson City republicans forget  
their party when it comes to electing  
representatives. The republi-  
cans of Cole county voted for Gen.  
McIntyre, a democrat and an ex-  
confederate, time and time again  
because he was able to fight more  
efficiently for them than any repub-  
lican could have done. And they  
are supporting the democratic can-  
didate, Mr. Edwards, for the same  
reason.But our republican contemporary  
not only opposes a Sedalia man on  
party grounds, but makes an unfair,  
uncalled for fight upon him.The republicans of this city, how-  
ever, will not follow their organ in  
this matter. They see that in  
striking at Mr. Yeater their organ  
is striking at the interests of Seda-  
lia, and that is something no loyal  
Sedalian will endorse.

## COLLECTING TAXES.

The law makes it the duty of the  
citizen to pay his taxes.Some citizens, the great majority  
of them in fact, pay this publicdebt as they do their private ones,  
promptly when due.If others do not pay, then the  
law requires the collector to bring  
suit to compel payment.Mike Doherty did his duty; his  
attorney, Charley Yeater, did his,  
and they collected thousands of  
dollars of delinquent taxes.And now, on the eve of the elec-  
tion, the republican organ calls upon  
these men who failed and refused  
to pay the debt they owed the  
county, to vote against Doherty and  
Yeater because they did their sworn  
duty by taking the steps the law  
pointed out for the collection of delin-  
quent taxes.With this kind of a fight upon  
him, the tax-payers of Pettis county  
cannot afford to permit Mike Doherty  
to be defeated.Such defeat would say to the tax-  
dodgers, "You need not pay. No  
tax collector will dare perform his  
duty."Doherty's defeat would be putting  
a premium upon refusal to pay  
taxes, and put upon the men who  
do pay the whole cost of the county  
government.The men who think more of good  
government than they do of party  
success recognize that it is their  
interest as well as their duty to see  
that a man shall not be defeated for  
doing his duty.THE democrats of Pettis county  
are doubly interested in the election  
of W. D. Steele to the office of  
prosecuting attorney, or, at least,  
they should be. In the first place,  
he is a splendid lawyer, far superior  
to his opponent in legal ability as is  
admitted by everybody, and much  
more capable of caring for the  
interests of the county. 'Tis seldom  
a county has the opportunity of  
getting a prosecutor of his well  
known ability, vim and energy. In  
the next place, he is a democrat of  
democrats; a born, tried and  
true democrat of the dyed-in-the-wool  
fibre. His democracy  
knows no flinching, no flagging. If  
the country democrats of this country  
all knew what untiring, bold,  
fearless, magnificent work he has  
done for the party in the hot cam-  
paigns of this city and county in  
times past, not a one of them  
would think of scratching him for  
any personal or other reason. If  
you have a neighbor who thinks of  
scratching him, tell him this. It  
is your duty to your party.JUDGE R. E. FERGUSON will suc-  
ceed himself as county judge, and  
why should he not? He has made  
Pettis county one of the best and  
most faithful officials she has ever  
had; he is always to be found on  
the side of justice and right; he is  
cool headed, fearless in the dis-  
charge of his official duties; always  
ready to give to every one a patient  
hearing on all questions that may  
come up under his supervision; he is  
always found at his post of duty  
whenever the county court is in  
session.As Sheriff Smith is said to be so  
soliciting democrats to vote for him  
for collector, and as the *Gazette* has  
claimed that democrats would so  
vote, it would be well for Mr. Smith  
to answer the following interrogatory:  
Did he, or did he not, say  
last spring in the presence of a  
crowd: "I don't want a democrat's  
vote," or words to that effect? Will Mr. Smith explain, or  
will the *Gazette* do a little explaining?SPRINGFIELD has gone to work in  
earnest to secure the north and  
south railroad. Over thirty thousand  
dollars was subscribed at one  
meeting and the total amount asked  
from Greene county will be raised  
in a few days. Sedalians must get  
to work and raise their quota so as  
to be ready when other counties  
respond. The enterprise is too im-  
portant to admit of delay.SOME of the very men who are  
denouncing city officials for "failure  
to do their duty" are also abusing  
Mike Doherty for doing what the  
law required him to do. Curious  
isn't it? You can't always tell  
whether a man is expressing an  
honest, sincere sentiment or simply  
trying to deceive somebody else.THE anti-Warner republicans are  
getting pretty numerous in this state  
and singular as it may appear many  
of them are found in Kansas City,  
Warner's home.THE anti-Warner republicans are  
getting pretty numerous in this state  
and singular as it may appear many  
of them are found in Kansas City,  
Warner's home.THE anti-Warner republicans are  
getting pretty numerous in this state  
and singular as it may appear many  
of them are found in Kansas City,  
Warner's home.THE anti-Warner republicans are  
getting pretty numerous in this state  
and singular as it may appear many  
of them are found in Kansas City,  
Warner's home.THE anti-Warner republicans are  
getting pretty numerous in this state  
and singular as it may appear many  
of them are found in Kansas City,  
Warner's home.THE anti-Warner republicans are  
getting pretty numerous in this state  
and singular as it may appear many  
of them are found in Kansas City,  
Warner's home.THE anti-Warner republicans are  
getting pretty numerous in this state  
and singular as it may appear many  
of them are found in Kansas City,  
Warner's home.THE anti-Warner republicans are  
getting pretty numerous in this state  
and singular as it may appear many  
of them are found in Kansas City,  
Warner's home.THE anti-Warner republicans are  
getting pretty numerous in this state  
and singular as it may appear many  
of them are found in Kansas City,  
Warner's home.THE anti-Warner republicans are  
getting pretty numerous in this state  
and singular as it may appear many  
of them are found in Kansas City,  
Warner's home.THE anti-Warner republicans are  
getting pretty numerous in this state  
and singular as it may appear many  
of them are found in Kansas City,  
Warner's home.THE anti-Warner republicans are  
getting pretty numerous in this state  
and singular as it may appear many  
of them are found in Kansas City,  
Warner's home.

## OFFICIAL TICKET FOR PETTIS COUNTY, MO.

Tuesday, Nov. 8th, 1892.

DEMOCRATIC.	REPUBLICAN.	PEOPLES'.	PROHIBITION.
For Presidential Electors: At Large—EDWIN R. MCKEE.	For Presidential Electors: At Large—DAVID P. DYER.	For Presidential Electors: At Large—PHINEAS D. KENYON.	For Presidential Electors: At Large—WILLIAM H. GILHOUSEN.
At Large—CHARLES B. McAFFEE.	At Large—SAMUEL F. SCOTT.	At Large—WILLIAM ANDERSON.	At Large—WILLIAM Q. BENNETT.
1st Dist. FRANCIS L. MARCHAND.	1st Dist. JOHN C. MCKINLEY.	1st Dist. CASTER MILLER.	1st Dist. WINFIELD S. LITTLE.
2d Dist. EDGAR M. HARBER.	2d Dist. CHARLES D. MORRIS.	2d Dist. WILLIAM QUAYLE.	2d Dist. WILLIAM CLARENCE IRWIN.
3d Dist. HORATIO F. SIMRALL.	8d Dist. LEVIT T. MOULTON.	3d Dist. MARION C. MARTIN.	3d Dist. JOHN E. FESLER.
4th Dist. RANDOLPH T. DAVIS.	4th Dist. THOMAS C. DUNGAN.	4th Dist. RICHARD P. STAFFORD.	4th Dist. ROBERT C. VANDERHOOF.
5th Dist. MATTHEW V. L. McCLELLAN.	5th Dist. JOSEPH McCOY.	5th Dist. BENJAMIN ELLIOTT.	5th Dist. JOHN WESLEY JACOBS.
6th Dist. WILLIAM L. JARROTT.	6th Dist. ROBERT E. LEWIS.	6th Dist. LEE D. EWING.	6th Dist. SAMUEL W. CRUTCHER.
7th Dist. HENRY PARKS LAY.	7th Dist. ODIN GUITAR.	7th Dist. JOSEPH WHITTAKER.	7th Dist. JAMES M. CLARK.
8th Dist. JOHN D. BOHLING.	8th Dist. WALDRIDGE J. POWELL.	8th Dist. ZUANGLE R. FERGUSON.	8th Dist. SIMON B. PHIFER.
9th Dist. H. MARTIN WILLIAMS.	9th Dist. BRISON H. ANDERSON.	9th Dist. ROBERT CAWTHORNE.	9th Dist. BARTON W. FORD.
10th Dist. DEWITT CLINTON TAYLOR.	10th Dist. WILLIAM J. HOLLOCHER.	10th Dist. JOHN W. GLADWILL.	10th Dist. ALEXANDER NOBLE.
11th Dist. WILLIAM CULLINANE.	11th Dist. FREDERICK B. BROWNELL.	11th Dist. JAMES H. WHITE.	11th Dist. JAMES M. HAMLIN.
12th Dist. JOHN O'NEILL.	12th Dist. MAX KOTANY.	12th Dist. HENRY L. ROTH.	12th Dist. JOHN T. FIELD.
13th Dist. LEIGH B. WOODSIDE.	13th Dist. BENJAMIN B. CAHOON.	13th Dist. HENRY J. HERRICK.	13th Dist. ISAAC S. BAKER.
14th Dist. HENRY N. PHILLIPS.	14th Dist. GRANT GILLESPIE.	14th Dist. MYRON M. PEASE.	14th Dist. LEIGHTON A. ELLIS.
15th Dist. JAMES W. GEORGE.	15th Dist. THOMAS W. DITTY.	15th Dist. SANFORD SMITH.	15th Dist. GEORGE E. BOWLING.
For Governor: WILLIAM J. STONE.	For Governor: WILLIAM WARNER.	For Governor: LEVERETT LEONARD.	For Governor: JOHN SORIESKI
For Lieutenant Governor: JOHN B. O'MEARA.	For Lieutenant Governor: RUDOLPH W. MUELLER.	For Lieutenant Governor: GEORGE W. WILLIAMS.	For Lieutenant Governor: WILLIAM S. CROUCH.
For Secretary of State: ALEXANDER A. LESUER.	For Secretary of State: HENRY T. ALKIRE.	For Secretary of State: DAVID B. PAGE.	For Secretary of State: EDWIN E. McCLELLAN.
For State Auditor: JAMES M. SEIBERT.	For State Auditor: JOHN M. WEEKS.	For State Auditor: JOSEPH B. DINES.	For State Auditor: DAVID L. STEWART.
For State Treasurer: LON V. STEPHENS.	For State Treasurer: FRED J. WILSON.	For State Treasurer: D. N. THOMPSON.	For State Treasurer: MONROE INGRAHAM.
For Attorney General: ROBERT F. WALKER.	For Attorney General: DAVID MURPHY.	For Attorney General: WILLIAM R. LITTELL.	For Attorney General: WALTER E. JOHNSON.
For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner: JAMES COWGILL.	For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner: WENDELL S. HATHAWAY.	For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner: JOHN O'HEARN.	For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner: ANDREW G. BROWN
For Judge Supreme Court, Div. No. 1: GEORGE B. MACFARLANE.	For Judge Supreme Court, Div. No. 1: WILLIAM W. EDWARDS.	For Judge Supreme Court, Div. No. 1: ORVILLE D. JONES.	For Judge Supreme Court: EUGENE AYERS.
For Judge Supreme Court, Div. No. 2: THOMAS A. SHERWOOD.	For Judge Supreme Court, Div. No. 2: CHARLES NAGEL.	For Judge Supreme Court, Div. No. 2: WILLIAM S. SHIRK.	For Judge Supreme Court: AUSTIN F. BUTTS.
For Judge Supreme Court, Div. No. 2: GAVON D. BURGESS.	For Judge Supreme Court, Div. No. 2: JACKSON L. SMITH.	For Judge Supreme Court, Div. No. 2: JACKSON L. SMITH.	For Judge Supreme Court: For Judge Supreme Court.
For Judge Court of Appeals: JACKSON L. SMITH.	For Judge Court of Appeals: JOHN B. HALE.	For Judge Court of Appeals: JOHN B. HALE.	For Judge Court of Appeals: JOHN B. HALE.
Constitutional Amendment—YES. Constitutional Amendment—NO.	Constitutional Amendment—YES. Constitutional Amendment—NO.	Constitutional Amendment—YES. Constitutional Amendment—NO.	Constitutional Amendment—YES. Constitutional Amendment—NO.
For Congressman: JOHN T. HEARD.	For Congressman: P. D. HASTAIN.	For Congressman: C. L. PINKHAM.	For Congressman: JOHN E. ALLCORN.
For Judge Circuit Court: RICHARD FIELD.	For Judge Circuit Court.	For Judge Circuit Court.	For Judge Circuit Court.
For Judge Criminal Court: JOHN E. RYLAND.	For Judge Criminal Court.	For Judge Criminal Court.	For Judge Criminal Court.
For State Senator: CHARLES E. YEATER.	For State Senator: JOHN J. SMITH.	For State Senator: JAMES H. BOYD.	For State Senator: VAN B. WISKER.
For Representative: ROBERT W. PRIGMORE.	For Representative: LEWIS T. KIRK.	For Representative: E. T. BEHRENS.	For Representative: JOHN W. IRELAND.
For County Judge—Eastern District: ROBERT E. FERGUSON.	For County Judge—Eastern District: WILLIS FRANKLIN.	For County Judge—Eastern District: JOHN H. MONSEES.	For County Judge—Eastern District: A. S. EBERSOLE.
For County Judge—Western District: HARRY CONWAY.	For County Judge—Western District: ROBERT N. LOWER.	For County Judge—Western District: JOHN E. WRIGHT.	For County Judge—Western District: JOHN E. WRIGHT.
For Sheriff: JAMES S. HOPKINS.	For Sheriff: JOHN C. PORTER.	For Sheriff: THOMAS P. POTTER.	For Sheriff: GEORGE W. ALLCORN.
For Collector: MICHAEL DOHERTY.	For Collector: ELLIS R. SMITH.</td		



# MURDER!

## Another Terrible Crime.

## ALSO RAPED!

Johannah Schollman, a German Servant Girl, the Victim—Found on Seventeenth Street.

## HER THROAT CUT.

Evidences of a Terribly Desperate Battle for Her Life—A Knife Clotted With Blood Found in a Garden.

The demon of murder was abroad in Sedalia last night. While the people slept a most horrible and bloody murder was committed in a lonely spot in the south part of the town.

This alone in view of recent affairs was enough to make people shudder, but added to this was the monstrous crime of rape.

About 6:30 o'clock this morning Louis Banes, a colored blacksmith, living at No. 1905 South Missouri avenue, was going to the residence of Col. John D. Crawford, northeast corner of Fifteenth and Kentucky, to carry off the slops, when he was startled to stumble across the body of a woman lying in the weeds on the south side of Seventeenth between Kentucky and Moniteau, and about 40 feet east of the latter highway.

Coming closer he was horrified to see that the woman was dead, her face and hands covered with blood, and her clothes badly disarranged.

He ran at once to the residence of Dr. A. V. Small, near by, and told him of the discovery. Both hastened to the spot and Dr. Small saw immediately that a fiendish murder had been committed. The woman was dressed in a slate colored dress over which was buttoned a light colored jacket of woolen material. A new pair of button shoes, rather coarse, with the soles scarcely soiled, were upon her feet. Upon her hands were a pair of black yarn mittens, badly torn, the left one indicating that she had grabbed some rough object, undoubtedly a hedge fence near by. This hand was bloody and badly lacerated. Her face clearly indicated that she was a German. She was a young woman. Her lips were covered with froth as if she had been choked, while a long stream of dried and clotted blood, looking like a deep gash, ran from the base of her right ear diagonally down to a point immediately beneath her nose. Her throat was also terribly gashed. Her light hair retreated back from her forehead and a pair of blue eyes, half closed, stared out into the vacancy of the dark and cloudy October morning. Her straw bonnet lay near her.

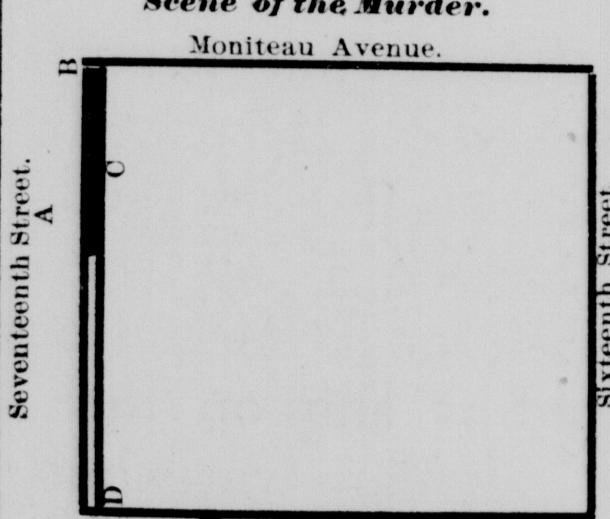
The body lay on its back, the right arm resting upon her breast and the left one carelessly thrown backward as if she were asleep. Her dress and white skirts were drawn far back under her, showing that she had been dragged by the feet. Her thighs were scratched and torn in long red lines by the broken weeds, showing that she had been brutally used.

When a DEMOCRAT reporter arrived but a small crowd of curious minded people were there, but grew rapidly in number. A messenger was sent to the authorities and Constable Robert Ramsey and Deputy Sheriff Barnett were soon on the ground, followed shortly by Chief of Police John DeLong.

No one seemed to recognize the woman, and not until the arrival of Mr. M. E. Hannefelt, living not

identified. He at once recognized her as Miss Johannah Schollman, a German girl, aged 24, who was employed by Mayor Stevens as a domestic. She was distantly related to Mr. Hannefelt and a frequent visitor at his house, having visited his family last Sunday a week ago. Her parents live five miles northwest of Lincoln, Mo., on the narrow gauge railway.

The ground was being constantly looked over by the crowd which searched eagerly for any traces that would shed light upon the mystery. The following diagram will assist the reader in locating the different points:



Street Commissioner John Hyatt noticed that there were evidences of a struggle at B, the corner of the hedge fence. The weeds were trampled down, and a closer scrutiny showed spots of blood on the ground and weeds. The DEMOCRAT reporter found her hat pin at this point. In struggle with her assailant the woman had evidently been thrown into the hedge fence, which accounted for her torn hands. From B to A, the route over which she was dragged, were pieces of fur trimming from her cloak.

### A Bloody Knife Found.

Mr. Hyatt had now continued his search and climbed over into the garden of Mr. R. F. Harris, clerk in the Third National bank, and living at the point D, almost within the edge of the hedge fence, point C, he found a large heavy pocket knife. It had a heavy buck-horn handle and contained three blades, a short one, another short and thick, and the third about three inches in length. The knife is such a one as is usually carried by farmers. This alone, in a relative way, shows that the murderer was either a laboring man or a tough, as a man engaged in light work never carries such a knife. The long blade was open and had a quantity of the fur from her cloak matted in with the blood.

Coroner Muehl had the body taken to the undertaking establishment of McLaughlin Bros., where preparations were made to hold a coroner's inquest. It was afterwards decided to postpone the inquest until 2 o'clock p. m., when the jury assembled in the criminal court room. The jury was composed of E. E. Johnston, foreman; F. S. Arnold, Jos. Kingsley, Pate Haley, Wm. Courtney and Frank Newton.

The scene at McLaughlin's was a characteristic one of such occasions. There were crowds of people of all classes and descriptions eager to catch a glimpse of the dead body, even if but for a moment. The doors of the dead room were tightly closed, however, and Coroner Muehl conducted his investigations in the presence of a few doctors, reporters and the coroner's jury. After dissecting back the tissue of the neck, it was clearly seen that the woman had come to her death by an incised wound of the jugular vein.

A further examination resulted in the discovery of a fiendish and most revolting crime. Even a glance was almost sufficient to show that the poor woman had been outraged, and in a terrible manner. She was torn and lacerated in a way that proved rape indisputable, if physical evidences go for anything in such cases.

### Hunting for the Fiend.

Although there were a number of people living within a distance to hear any great outcry, yet none of them remember hearing any such noise. Louis Banes the blacksmith, says that between 12 and 1 o'clock he was awakened by a vicious and continued barking

excited and could not be quieted. The police are doing their utmost in the matter and there are several theories upon which they are working.

About 4 years ago Miss Schollman was seduced under promise of marriage by Sylvanus Schupp, then clerking for Major Wm. Beck. A child was born and is now with its grandparents at Lincoln, Mo. Schupp ran away and went to St. Louis and is now clerking in a combined grocery and bar somewhere on Biddle street in that city. He was brought back from St. Louis about two years ago by Sheriff Ellis R. Smith. Schupp succeeded in compromising the matter with Miss Schollman.

Since then she has seemed to have gone rapidly to the bad, keeping company, it is claimed, even with negroes. Until yesterday at noon she was employed as a domestic by Mayor Stevens. He heard of her conduct, however, and discharged her. She left yesterday at 5 o'clock taking her personal effects with her. Mr. Hannefelt, at whose house she frequently visited, stated that she intended going to some point in Nebraska, where she was to be married to a man named Henry Garles, who is said to have sent money to her to pay her fare.

### The Latest Information.

Miss Schollman left the home of her employer at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon and went to the residence of Henry Miller, corner of Wilkeson and Grand avenues. She remained there until about 9 o'clock, when a man drew up in a buggy and took her away. It was then quite dark.

The officers are shadowing several men, and it is thought that one of a certain two is the right party.

Dr. Muehl stated that woman had been in a delicate condition for four months.

A young man named George Stetter claims to have seen the woman in company with a smooth-faced, dark complexioned young man of slender build, about 6 feet 7 inches high and wearing a soft black hat, at Avinsino's ice cream saloon between 9 and 10 o'clock last night. They ordered cream but the man did not eat any of it. He afterwards bought a cigar and both walked south on Ohio Street.

Some advance the theory that the party responsible for her delicate condition murdered her to escape any exposure that she might attempt to make of the affair.

The young man who got the buggy from Collins & Farnham's stable was seen to-day and was found to be all right. What was supposed to be blood on the right wheel turned out to be something else. No blood was found on or in the buggy at all.

To find the man who took the girl away from Henry Miller's at 9 o'clock means the locating of the murderer. Mr. Miller did not see the man, as he drove up to the gate called for the girl and she went out to see him. He was heard to tell her to "get her cloak and come on." This was the last seen of her by the family.

The coroner's jury had not made its report at a late hour. Under the existing evidence it will be unable to say other than the cause of her death.

### A Simple Water Test.

From the New York World.

Into a perfectly clean bottle having a stopper of ground glass put five ounces of water to be tested. To the water add ten grains (by weight) of pure granulated white sugar. Cork tight and set in a window exposed freely to light but not to the direct rays of the sun. Do not disturb the bottle, and keep the temperature as near 70 degrees Fahrenheit as possible. If the water contains organic matter, within forty-eight hours an abundance of whitish specks will be seen floating about, and the more organic matter the more specks. In a week or ten days, if the water is very bad, the odor of rancid butter will be noticed on removing the stopper. The little specks will settle to the bottom, where they will appear as white flaky masses. Such water should not be used for drinking purposes. This easy test is given by one of state boards of health for domestic use.

### A Story on Dick Dalton.

From the Chicago Letter.

"One of the good things of the campaign in Missouri," said ex-Governor Robert A. Campbell,

own expense. It was just after the Coffeyville raid. Dalton was speaking at St. Joseph. Buchanan county had been one of his strongholds, and there was some feeling over his defeat. Dalton had gone up there to try and smooth things out. He began by expressing his deep sense of gratitude to the Buchanan county people. Then he spoke of his defeat at some length, and got to the point of advising them to make the best of something that couldn't be helped and for which nobody was responsible. "In fact," said Farmer Dick, "this just seems to be a bad year for Daltons."

## NOT TO BLAME.

JAMES S. HOPKINS DID NOT RAISE A ROW,

But a Correction is Refused by the Paper that Misrepresented Him.

The Gazette of Sunday morning contained the following, as well as an editorial reflecting upon Mr. James S. Hopkins:

"James S. Hopkins, candidate for sheriff on the democratic ticket, and Charles Hardin came to blows yesterday forenoon in the old Star saloon on Main street and the shriveling nominee came out second best."

Hopkins and Hardin were discussing the former's candidacy incidentally and politics generally, and both of the men became quite heated over the debate, and from angry words they came to blows. Hopkins played the role of Sullivan and Hardin that of Corbett and the result was the same as at the New Orleans fight. Hardin was arrested by Policeman Smith on the charge of disturbing the peace and Hopkins' friends took him home to recuperate. Hardin gave bonds for trial on Monday."

Upon seeing the above, and knowing that wrong had been done Mr. Hopkins, Mr. Hardin, the man referred to in the Gazette's article, prepared the following which was taken to that paper for publication and the paper refused to publish it:

SELDOM, Mo., Oct. 24, 1892.

Editor Gazette:

I desire to state in regard to the article in your issue of last Sunday in reference to a personal encounter between myself and Mr. J. S. Hopkins, that the statements made therein by your reporter are not in accordance with the facts in the case and I am assured that your reporter has been imposed upon by designing persons with the sole desire of injuring Mr. Hopkins in his canvass. I myself, was the aggressor and Mr. Hopkins was in no sense to blame for the affair.

CHAS. HARDIN.

Having read the statement of Mr. Hardin in the above affair and having been a witness, I will say it was an unprovoked assault upon Hopkins.

It will be seen that the man Hardin, as well as another who saw the affair, both acquit Mr. Hopkins of any blame in the matter, and yet the paper that had misrepresented him refused him a chance to set himself right.

Was ever partisan malice carried further? Was ever a more cowardly act committed by a reputable journal?

And yet this is but a fair sample of the kind of a campaign that is being made against Mr. Hopkins.

It is the warfare of the assassin. It is unfair, unmanly and infamous, and if it does not rally to his support hundreds of men who love justice and fairness, then the DEMOCRAT is mistaken in its estimate of Pettis county manhood and fairness.

But this is not all. Other work equally as dirty is being done in the dark by those who are afraid of the light.

Let honorable men of all parties say by their votes what they think of it, and let them remember that the tactics pursued toward Jim Hopkins will be pursued toward others unless rebuked and sealed with the condemnation of a justice-loving, fair-minded people.

### Farm Wanted.

An experienced farmer and stock man wants to rent a good farm, or will superintend farm and care for stock. Best of references given. Address, H. H. B., care DEMOCRAT.

### A Cholera Scare.

A reported outbreak of cholera at Helmetta, N. J., created much excitement in that vicinity. Investigation showed that the disease was not cholera but a violent dysentery, which is almost as severe and dangerous as cholera. Mr. Walter Willard, a prominent merchant of Jamesburg, two miles from Helmetta, says Chamberlain's colic, cholera and diarrhoea remedy has given great satisfaction in the most severe cases of dysentery. It is certainly one of the best things ever made. For sale by Aug.

## Messerly's General Store.



is the only boot that is especially made for wet weather wear

*It is Water Proof,*

The leather is a special tan and oiled so as to keep soft and pliable.

**It is Warranted**

to be the best boot in the market and the price is the lowest consistent with the quality of leather and workmanship.

**Price \$3.50 Boys \$2.00**  
**Chas. E. Messerly,**  
**Corner Osage and Second Streets, Sedalia, Missouri.**

**J. A. Bowers & Co.**  
**Livery and Feed Stables,**  
**And Wagon Yard, 401 West MAIN ST.**

Best accommodations in Sedalia, and at reasonable rates. Saddle Horses and Light Livery at all times. Horses boarded by day, week or month.

**When in Sedalia**  
**GO TO THE**  
**Kaiser :- Restaurant**  
**FOR YOUR MEALS**  
**There You Get the Best**  
**IN :- THE :- CITY.**

### Proposed Amendment to the Constitution of Missouri.

Concurrent resolution submitting to the qualified voters of the state of Missouri an amendment to the constitution thereof, concerning the relief of disabled and crippled firemen by the cities of said state having an organized fire department.

It is resolved by the house of representatives, that the senate concurring therein:

That at the general election to be held on Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, A. D. 1892, the following amendment to the constitution of the state of Missouri, concerning the relief of disabled and crippled firemen by the cities of said state, shall be submitted to the qualified voters of organized fire departments.

SECTION 1. That section 47, of article 4 of the constitution, be amended by adding thereto the following words, to-wit: Provided, that this shall not be so construed as to prohibit the general assembly from providing by law for authorizing the creation, maintenance and management of a fund for the pensioning of crippled and disabled firemen, and for the relief of the widows and minor children of deceased firemen, by such cities, villages or incorporated towns as may have an organized fire department—said fund to be taken from the municipal revenue of such cities, villages or incorporated towns.

STATE OF MISSOURI—SS.

I, Alexander A. Lesuer, secretary of state of the state of Missouri, hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and complete copy of a concurrent resolution of the Thirty-sixth General Assembly of the state of Missouri, entitled: "Concurrent resolution submitting to the qualified voters of the state of Missouri an amendment to the constitution thereof, concerning the relief of disabled and crippled firemen by the cities of said state having an organized fire department," as appears by comparing the same with the original roll of said concurrent resolution now on file, as the law directs, in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF,

[seal] I hereunto set my hand and affix the great seal of the state of Missouri. Done at office in the city of Jefferson, this eighth day of September, A.D. 1892.

A. A. LESUER,  
Secretary of State.

### SHE LIKES JOHN CHINAMAN.

Missionary Baldwin Says he is Better than Some Foreigners.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—Mrs. Baldwin, for twenty years a missionary in China, spoke in the Asbury Methodist church yesterday before a large congregation. She spoke in high terms of the Chinese and of the kind treatment which she received at their hands during the score of years she dwelt in the empire. She regarded the Chinamen superior in many respects to other foreigners whom the United States government accords free entrance to this land and citizenship. Here certain individuals, apparently laboring men and foreigners, took umbrage at the speaker's remarks and left the church after creating some disturbance. The speaker said since she had been delivering lectures in this country she had received threatening letters, and not long ago special policemen were detailed to guard her house to circumvent a scheme for burning it down.

For Sale.

A car load of fine yearling mules consigned to us for sale, and at prices to suit the times. Farmers will do well to come and see them.

HINSDALE & MENEFEE.

Sedalia, Mo.

Read the DEMOCRAT.

### The Celebrated French Cure.

Warranted "APHROBITE" or money refunded.

Is SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disorder of any disease of the generative organs of either sex, whether arising from the excess of Seminal, Tobacco or Opium, or through sexual indulgence, &c., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pain in the back, Seminal Weakness, hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Nocturnal Emissions, Leprosy, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power and Impotency, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price \$1.00 a box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE is given for every \$1.00 order received, to refund the money if a permanent cure is not effected. We have

*The Old Reliable*

## For a Good Meal

GO TO

## Sicher's -:- Cafe.

It Is the Nicest Place in the City.

## Bakery and Confectionery in Connection with Establishment.

## PROBATE COURT

Docket of cases in which settlements are due from executors and administrators and guardians and curators, at the ensuing November term of the Probate Court of Pettis county, to be held at the court house, in said county, commencing on the second Monday of November, A. D., 1892.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 14TH, 1892.

- James M. Whirley, guardian and curator of A. A. Whirley, a minor; third annual settlement.
- William Rector, guardian and curator M. J. Rector, a minor; sixth annual settlement.
- John Patton, guardian and curator Frank Patton, a minor; eleventh annual settlement.
- William Y. Evans, guardian and curator Giles D. and Julia Rader, minors; eighth annual settlement.
- John R. Clopton, public administrator A. C. Scott, deceased; final settlement.
- Edward S. Bouldin, guardian and curator Emma D., John J., Thomas C. and Leonard L. Bouldin, minors; first annual settlement.
- Peter Holsten, guardian and curator Rudolph Meyer, a minor; fifth annual settlement.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15TH, 1892.

- John R. Clopton, public administrator Jacob Marshall, deceased; final settlement.
- H. C. Voigt, administrator W. P. Voigt, deceased; final settlement.
- John L. McCurdy, curator Nona B. and Emmerson Wood, minors; fourth annual settlement.
- Sarah A. Cullom, guardian and curator Chas. T. Wm. C., Birdie M. and J. Q. B. Cullom, minors; fourth annual settlement.
- Solomon Rayburn, guardian and curator W. H. Rayburn, a minor; ninth annual settlement.
- James E. Bouldin, guardian and curator Minnie Bouldin, a minor; eighth annual settlement.
- C. W. Downs, guardian and curator J. H. Ramsey, insane; fifth annual settlement.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16TH, 1892.

- John R. Clopton public administrator Catharine Heisinger, deceased; third annual settlement.
- J. W. and C. Vannatta, executors Wm. H. Vannatta, deceased; third annual settlement.
- John R. Clopton public administrator C. A. Johnson, deceased; final settlement.
- Wm. Kahr, guardian and curator Wm. A. Otten, a minor; third annual settlement.
- Susan J. Westenberger, guardian and curator Eva F. Westenberger, a minor; second annual settlement.
- R. N. Lower, guardian and curator Louis Lower, a minor; second annual settlement.
- Martin Weller, administrator Carl Weller, deceased; final settlement.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17TH, 1892.

- John R. Clopton, public administrator Tilmon Wyrick, deceased; final settlement.
- Samuel Winzenried, administrator C. T. A. Frederick Winzenried, deceased; final settlement.
- Levi Devol, executor Margaret Walker, deceased; second annual settlement.
- W. M. and W. J. Letts, administrators John Letts, deceased; second annual settlement.
- Phillip Shaffer, guardian and curator Rexford C. and Ralph T. Rhodes, minors; second annual settlement.
- John T. Worley, guardian and curator Benjamin F. Jenkins, a minor; second annual settlement.
- E. G. Cassidy, executor James Glass, deceased; final settlement.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 18TH, 1892.

- Thomas H. Jenkins, guardian and curator M. J., C. H., R. L. T. R., L. B. and L. Z. Jenkins—minors; second annual settlement.
- Mary A. Bratton, administratrix, P. H. Bratton, deceased; final settlement.
- Samuel A. Kendrick, administrator John Kendrick, deceased; final settlement.
- Helen Lister, administratrix Robert Lister, deceased; first annual settlement.
- John R. Clopton, public guardian, Emma May Messner, minor; first annual settlement.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 19TH, 1892.

- Margaret C. Divers, guardian and curator Lula F. and Velma Divers, minors; first annual settlement.
- George W. Barnett, guardian and curator Eulalia Allin, minor; first annual settlement.
- Phoe Vaughn, guardian and curator, Leora and Fanny Vaughn, minors; first annual settlement.
- R. N. Lower, guardian and curator, Mary L. Carrie C. and Jessie G. M. Lower, minors; first annual settlement.
- Lucy DeLapp, guardian and curator, Joseph, John, Octavia and Hickory DeLapp, minors; first annual settlement.
- John R. Clopton, public guardian, Walter and Lotte Harris, minors; first annual settlement.
- James H. Farley, guardian and curator, James H., Effi M. and Burton L. Farley, minors; first annual settlement.

MONDAY NOVEMBER 21ST, 1892.

- William S. Allcorn, administrator Eliza Reed, deceased; first annual settlement.
- A. P. Morey, curator Ida May Farlar and John M. Fairley, minors; first annual settlement.
- Jefferson D. Greer, administrator, Davis Greer, deceased; first annual settlement.
- Missouri Trust Co. curator John Lix, Rosa Lix and Willie Lix, minors; first annual settlement.
- George W. Close, guardian and curator Thomas J. Close, a minor; first annual settlement.
- John G. Senior, administrator James Howard, deceased; first annual settlement.
- William S. Allcorn, guardian and curator, Charles W., Annie M. and Edward J. Reed, minors; first annual settlement.
- William S. Cummings, guardian Lizzie Colwell, insane; first annual settlement.
- J. W. WALKER, Clerk of Probate Court.

**TRUSTEE'S SALE:**—Whereas, Caroline Coleman, by her certain deed of trust, dated the 10th day of September, 1889, and recorded in the recorder's office of Pettis county, in trust deed record 65, page 13, conveyed to John Baker, trustee, all right, title, interest and estate, in and to the following described real estate situated in county of Pettis, state of Missouri, viz.

Lotten, [10] block ten [10] in Campbell's addition to the city of Sedalia, Missouri, which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust described, and whereas, the said note has become due and remains unpaid, and whereas, the said trustee, John Baker, refuses to act now, therefore, in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, Ellis R. Smith, sheriff of Pettis county, Missouri, shall proceed to sell the above described real estate at the west door of the court house in the city of Sedalia, in the county of Pettis, state of Missouri, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction.

**THURSDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1892,** between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day to satisfy said note and interest and the cost of executing this trust.

ELLIS R. SMITH,  
Sheriff of Pettis County, Mo.  
Acting Trustee.

**EXECUTOR'S NOTICE:**—Notice is hereby given, that letters testament on the estate of Urias Gordon deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 20th day of November, 1892, by the probate court of Pettis county, Missouri.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to the executors, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they shall be forever barred. This 15th day of September, 1892.

CATHERINE GORDON, Executor.

**NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT:**—Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned administrator of the estate of John Kendrick, deceased, will make final settlement of his accounts with said estate as such administrator at the next term of the probate court of Pettis county, Missouri, to be held at Sedalia, in said county, on the 10th day of November, A. D. 1892.

S. A. KENDRICK,  
Administrator.

**NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT:**—Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned administrator of the estate of Henry C. Sinnett, deceased, will make final settlement of his accounts with said estate as such administrator at the next term of the probate court of Pettis county, Missouri.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to the administratrix, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they shall be forever barred.

This 15th day of October, 1892.

JULIA SINNETT,  
Administrator.

**WANTED:**  
Some one in every school district in Pettis county to solicit subscriptions for the "Democratic Correspondence solicited."

## To the Farmers.

We have a big line of winter goods, cloaks and jackets, men's, women's children's underwear, blankets and woolen goods. Price our hosiery and cotton flannel before you buy. If good goods and low prices will bring poor patronage we have them. Come in and get prices and be convinced.

Guenther's 310 Ohio Street.

"containing four tickets—democratic, republican, people's and prohibition. You can't vote on all these groups. You must cross out all the names on all the tickets except one. If there is anybody on the ticket remaining whom you don't want to vote for scratch his name off and underneath it write the name of the person you do want to vote for. You will have to do all your voting under one of the headings—democratic, republican, people's or prohibition. If you try to leave a name on the people's ticket and another on the republican and another on the prohibition or democratic ticket you will find all rejected. Tell the people all voting must be done in one group. It is curious what misapprehensions exist in regard to this important matter."

"How about the illiterate, the blind, the crippled, etc?"

"The illiterate will have to call on the judges for assistance; likewise those physically disabled. By the way, old persons should not forget their glasses that day, for the voting apartments will not be well lighted and the ticket will be long. The judges and clerks would be doing a patriotic service by keeping an extra pair or two of glasses for the use of the careless; but the fellow who is almost sure to lose his vote is the one who gets drunk before voting. He is certain to get things wrong and find his vote thrown out."

## FURTHER DEMANDS.

## THE "GIDEONITES."

## A Third Party Sensation Sprung in North Carolina.

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 20.—A political sensation has been sprung here by the exposure of the secret workings of the "Gideonites" organization. Two men named M. L. Reed and J. S. Bell, both leading alliance men, have made sworn statements to the effect that S. Ott Wilson, state chairman of the third party, initiated them into the order. Bell found that there were only thirty members to each county and not over 300 to each congressional district, all being specially chosen for influence and as men who could be relied upon in case of an emergency. It was a solemn obligation to implicitly obey all orders of the county, district, state and national chiefs. Wilson said the purpose of the order was to promote the third party movement. Bell told Wilson that he regarded the organization as dangerous, and said it would result in the destruction of the alliance and the third party. The state constitution expressly forbids any secret political organization, having been prepared to crush out the union league and klux. There are demands for the arrest of Wilson and those who aided him in forming this order, and grand juries have been called upon.

## MISSOURI'S POPULATION.

21 Feet Up 2,679,184, All Races and Both Sexes Included.

Census bulletin No. 208, dated September 30, was mailed yesterday. It gives the population of Missouri as 2,679,284, of whom 1,385,238 are males and 1,208,946 are females. There are 2,444,315 native born citizens and 234,869 foreigners. There are 2,528,458 whites and 150,726 colored people. Among the colored are included Chinese, Japanese and civilized Indians. The population of St. Louis is given as 451,770, distributed as follows: Males, 228,114; females, 233,656; natives, 336,894; foreign, 114,876; whites, 424,704; colored, 27,066.

## SENTENCES PASSED.

## Judge Phillips Sends Two Law Breakers to the Penitentiary.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Oct. 21.—The October term of the United States circuit and district courts was adjourned yesterday, the docket having been emptied, and Judge Phillips departed for his home in Kansas City. Among the sentences passed was one of nine months in the penitentiary jail and a fine of \$50 on Jet Robinson of Fayette, Howard county, for violation of the pension law. It was proved that Robinson extorted big fees for securing pensions for his clients. The court also forced Robinson to return his illegal fees. R. E. Olds, of Boone county, was given two years for counterfeiting.

## COUPLED ONLY AN HOUR.

## Widower Day and Widow Petersons Quickly Wed.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., October 21st—Yesterday afternoon S. B. Day, a wealthy merchant of Humboldt, Neb., was at the union depot, and there met Mrs. Jennie Peterson, a blushing widow of 39 summers who resides at Barreensville, O. The two after an hour's conversation, repaired to the Lindell hotel, summoned a minister, and were married. Day is a widower, 59 years of age, and the father of several children.

## Important to Voters.

Secretary of State Lesueur is doing his utmost to render the new election law a success and to enable the public to comprehend its provisions fully. "There will be a great big sheet," says the secretary.

## Wanted.

Some one in every school district in Pettis county to solicit subscriptions for the "Democratic Correspondence solicited."

## NEW

## DRY GOODS STORE!

We have just recently come in your midst and have leased the new CASSIDY BUILDING, 506 Ohio street, for a term of years and had it arranged to suit our fancy, and without a doubt we will have one of the most convenient, well lighted and best arranged dry goods stores in the city. But the best of all is our stock of goods. Our buyer has just returned from New York, where he has bought for spot cash a Twenty-five Thousand Dollar stock of Dry Goods and Cloaks. You will surely miss it if you buy before visiting us. We are new people among you, and we want you to come and see us and get acquainted.

Grand Opening the Latter Part of Next Week.

## HAIL &amp; WHITMORE.

## DAMAGE SUITS INSTITUTED.

## Nevada People Who Have Been Injured by Cars Want Damages.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 21.—Last July Mrs. Carrie Helke, in attempting to save her little boy from being crushed by a switch engine in the Nevada yards, was struck by the engine and fell under the wheels. She was frightfully mangled but recovered and yesterday she instituted suit for \$35,000 damages against the Missouri Pacific Railway company.

Mrs. Susan Duran began suit for \$10,000 against the Missouri Pacific

for injuries sustained in the wreck of a passenger train near Ovid during September. Her husband also began suit against the same company for \$2,000 on the ground of expense.

## BLOODTHIRSTY MINERS.

## Strikers in Idaho Say They Will Have Gore if Non-Union Men Do Not Get Out.

A Wallace, Id., dispatch says:

Last night three armed men went into one of the tunnels of the Gem mines and posted the following notice:

"Look, scabs!"

"One more warning—the last one. Before this month is over 1,500 pounds of giant powder will be exploded, and all in this mine will be sent to hell. It is in the mine ready for action, fuse attached. If we cannot work the mines, no one else shall."

## BLOODY JACK."

The men were seen by a carman who was coming out of the mine with a car of ore. When he caught sight of the armed men he ran back into the tunnel and reported the matter to the shift boss. When they came back to the mouth of the tunnel the men were gone and the above notice was found. The carman was unable to identify the men.

In the second place, the white visitors were provided with lunches and the negroes had to hustle for something to eat, and, as a consequence, about two-thirds of them went home without their dinners. They came here expecting to be fed and were disappointed. On the occasion of the democratic rally on September 15, 10,000 visitors were provided with bounteous dinners, colored visitors included, and there was some left over. Yesterday there were not 2,000 in attendance, and half of them obtained little or nothing to eat. The majority of the republicans in this county are negroes, and such treatment as they received yesterday will not be forgotten very soon by them.

"Bless your soul!" exclaimed a much-gold-watch-chained individual from Kansas City. "I never depend on the weigher in an estimate of my cattle. I can size a steer up with my naked eye within a few pounds of where he'll tip the beam."

"Oh yes," said one of the hosts.

"You know our famous stockwoman on East, Middy Morgan, was wonderfully proficient in that line. All

the big buyers wanted her opinion of a steer before anybody else's."

"Gentlemen," broke in an old longhorn who had been apparently absorbed in a prolonged and frantic effort to cut his steak. "Gentlemen," laying down his knife and fork, readjusting his glasses and ruefully surveying the adamantine morsel, "I reckon you would be surprised if I was to tell you that I am that proficient on cow flesh that I can tell the brand that was on the steer that steak was cut off uv?"

They all confessed that that would indeed be carrying the science to a wonderful degree of proficiency.

"Well, gentlemen," the oracle continued solemnly, "I'll bet \$500 and throw in my gun to boot that that steer was branded 'B. C. 114'."

ESTABLISHED IN 1874.

## JAMES GLASS.

## WHOLESALE LIQUORS!

## SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

Charles Kobrock,  
Faust Restaurant and Oyster House.

Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars.  
Special brand of Imperial Beer.

114 Osage St., Sedalia, Mo.

FRESH - GROCERIES

New Firm

Ritenour & Gorrell

SUCCESSORS TO

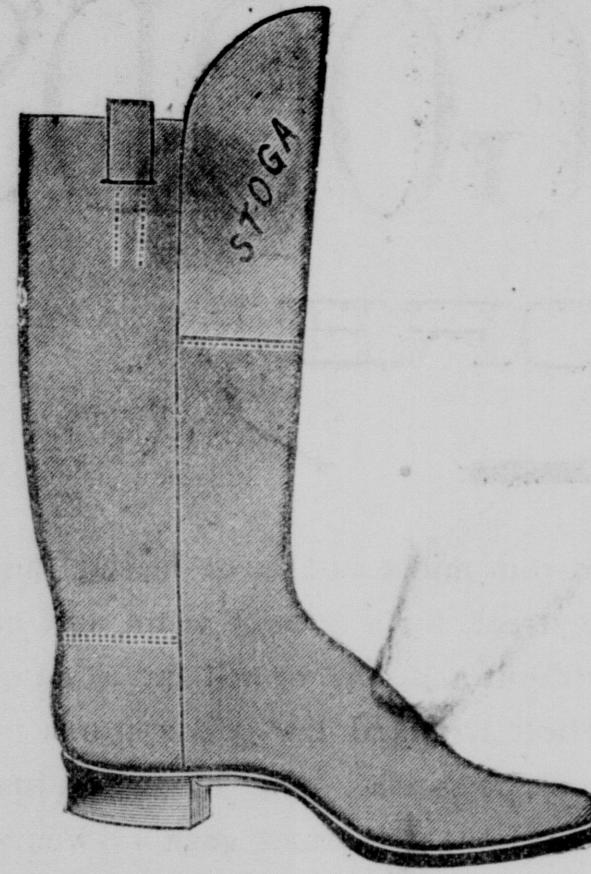
J. K. YEATER & CO.

HAVE in stock a full line of fresh, staple and fancy groceries, which they are selling at prices that defy competition. They are prepared to handle country produce in any quantity, and invite every reader of the DEMOCRAT to call and see them at

## KAHRS &amp; BLOESS

## General Store

110 West Second St.



Selz handmade water proof boot, every pair waranted, price \$3.50.

Selz Veal Kip 3.50.

Selz Smasher, 2.50.

A full line of dry goods, clothing and

## OVERCOATS.

KAHRS & BLOESS,  
110 WEST SECOND STREET.

## COUNTRY SURVEYOR.

The Right Man for that Very Important Place.

To the Editor of the Democrat.

County surveyor is an important office, and should be filled by a man who is not only a competent surveyor, but who thoroughly understands the construction of roads and bridges, the great need which Pettis county feels so much at the present time. Sedalia is rapidly increasing in population; our farming community is becoming more prosperous with each succeeding year, good roads are demanded and must be made and the office of county surveyor should be given to a man who can materially assist in this work. The democrats of Pettis county have wisely selected such a man for this responsible position—Thos. O. Stanley. He has had years of experience in constructing rock roads, bridges and railroads, having assisted in locating and building them in other states. His services were in demand in this county.

In 1877 he constructed an iron bridge in Pendleton Co., Ky., which has not cost that county a single dollar for repairs since that date.

The splendid macadam roads which he has assisted in building in other states, justifies the assertion that Thos. O. Stanley is unquestionably the right man in the

right place."

The practical experience possessed by Mr. Stanley in surveying are far too valuable to be overlooked by the people of this county, irrespective of party.

To the farmers of Pettis county, let me say: We want good roads; we must have them; we will have them; we want a man for county surveyor who can locate them to the best advantage and economy. Mr. Stanley is the man who knows just how to do this. He would make a valuable public servant, and knowing these things it would be but justice to a good man, justice to ourselves, to vote for and elect him to the office of surveyor of Pettis county.

Everybody knows Tom Stanley, a perfect gentleman; pleasant in business and social relations; the soul of honor and integrity in all it implies; makes friends wherever he goes, and above all, a true friend of democracy. He will be found making the dust fly at a 2:03 Nancy Hanks gait on the 8th of November, coming in under the wires ahead of his opponents.

See that your ballot has the name of Thos. O. Stanley on it for county surveyor; urge your friends and neighbors to do likewise, and Pettis county will place in office a man in every respect qualified to fill this important office.

REPUBLICAN.

The Reason You Should Go To

MINTER  
DRY GOODS  
COMP'Y

The Following Prices Will Tell:

The Best Calico 50  
worth 7 1-2. 50  
Yard Wide Bleached  
Cotton, soft fin-  
ish, worth 7 1-2. 50  
Unbleached Cotton at  
never sold for 40  
less than 6 1-2. 40

Good Canton Flannel  
others get 6 1-2  
for same qual-  
ity 40  
Splendid Cheviot 50  
worth 7 1-2. 50  
Jeans that others  
sell for 35c, for 25c

Genuine Buckskin Gloves at \$1.00,  
(Lined or Unlined) never sold for  
less than \$1.50. Ask to see them.  
10-4 White Blankets 98c a pair,  
regular \$1.25 quality. 10-4 Gray  
Blankets at 79c a pair, would be  
cheap at \$1.00. :: :: :: ::

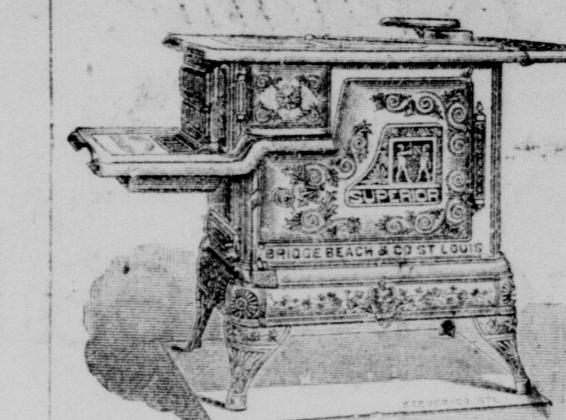
Heavy gray twilled flannel Heavy red twilled flannel at  
15c worth 20c. 18 and 20c, ask to see them  
All wool red twilled flannel Good white domed flannel  
25c cheap at 30c. at 6 1-4c, would be cheap  
See our all wool western flan- at 10c.  
nels at 30c regular 40c We lead in low prices on bet-  
ter quality.

The Very Best Feather Ticking for only 14c, see it.

Fast colors red table linen 18c Heavy unbleached table linen  
Fast colors red table linen at at 20 and 25c that are worth  
25c. 25 and 35c.  
Oil red, 2 yards wide at 60c See our 3 1/2c crash.  
This table linen is worth \$1. See our 5c crash.

For corsets from 25c up no house show such good  
values. For dress goods at a great saving of money  
see our price. Cloaks cheap, shawls cheap. See  
our stock of Furs and get our price.

Minter Dry Goods Co. 318 & 320  
OHIO ST.  
SEDALIA, MISSOURI.



Hardware, Stoves,  
Tinware and cutlery  
Everything in Our  
LINE  
Sign of Big Acorn,  
HOFFMAN BROS. 305 OHIO  
STREET.  
MISSOURI.

in wheat, 75 acres in pasture, the  
remainder plow land in high state  
of cultivation; plenty of good water,  
&c., on the place. For further  
information, call at the farm or ad-  
dress, M. H. GARRON,  
Lamont, Mo.

*Deafness Permanently Cured.*  
A gentleman who cured himself  
of deafness and noises in the head,  
of many years standing, by a new  
cheap method, will be pleased to  
send full particulars with copies of  
testimonials, &c., for ten cents  
(stamps). The most successful  
treatment ever introduced, and per-  
fectly genuine. Address, HERBERT  
CLIFTON, 51 Upper Kennington  
Lane, London, S. E., Eng.

## SEDALIA MARKET.

WINE—Per bottle, 75c.  
POTATOES—per bushel, 75c.  
APPLES—per bushel, 50c.  
BUTTER—per lb., 25c.  
LARD—per lb., 15c.  
BACON—per lb., 80c.  
EGGS—per dozen, 16c.  
CHICKEN—per dozen, \$2.50 to \$3.00.

GRAINS.

WHEAT—No 2, 55c; No 3, 51c; No 4, 49c.

OATS—27c.  
CORN—39c.

## LIVE STOCK.

STEERS—per cwt., \$1.50 to \$4.  
HEIFERS—per cwt., \$2 to \$2.25.  
COWS—per cwt., \$1.50 to \$2.  
VEAL—per cwt., \$1 to \$1.25.  
SHREWS—per cwt., \$3 to \$3.25.  
HOGS—per cwt., \$1.50 to \$4.75.

D. E. KENNEDY,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

With Hon. John H. Bowditch, Attorney  
and Counselor.

OFFICES—Second Building, Rooms  
26 and 28. Practicing where  
business calls.

Our - Fall  
AND  
Winter Stock  
MILLINERY

Is complete and  
we aim to please  
everyone in  
prices and styles.  
Call and see us.

Mrs. MONAHAN-  
COLLIER  
217 OHIO STREET.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—No-  
tice is hereby given, that letters of  
administration on the estate of Susan A.  
Wood, deceased, were granted to the under-  
signed on the 19th day of October, 1892, by  
the probate court of Pettis county, Missouri.

All persons having claims against said  
estate are required to exhibit them for allow-  
ance to the administrator, within one year  
after the date of said letters, or they may be  
precluded from any benefit of such estate;  
and if such claims be not exhibited within  
two years from the date of this publication,  
they shall be forever barred.

This 19th day of October, 1892.  
NEWTON WOOD,  
CLIFTON WOOD,  
Administrators.

Charles Kobrock,  
Faust Restaurant and Oyster House.  
Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars.  
Special brand of Imperial Beer.  
114 Osage St., Sedalia, Mo.

# FINE TAILOR-MADE CLOTHING! WERE NEVER OFFERED!



Double-breasted Business Suits.

All the fashion; we have them for \$15 and \$18—same goods you pay your Tailor \$35 for.



Boys' Double-breasted Suits.

In Cassimer, Cheviots, Diagonal and all other fashionable makes. Price, \$7 to \$15.



## Boys' Suits and Overcoats!

Special Sale This Week!

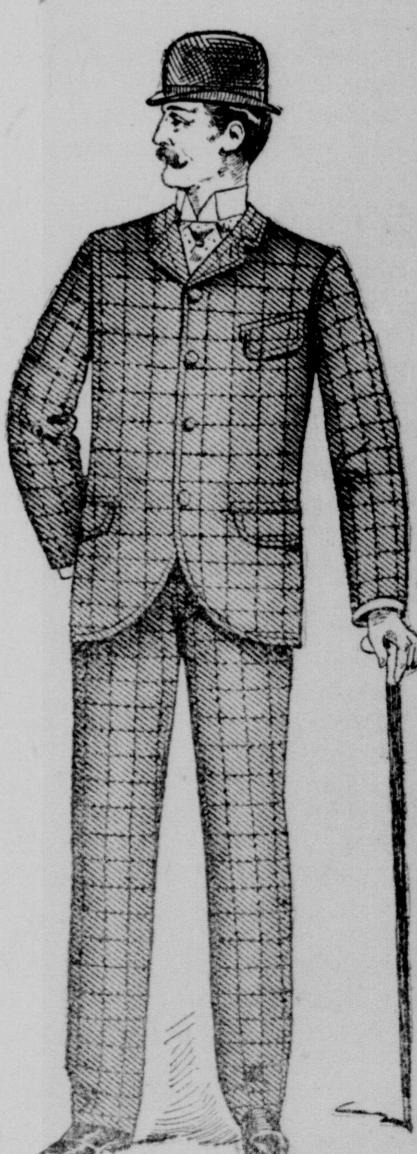
MOTHERS, take advantage of this sale; we offer nice little suits for \$1.35, 1.50, \$1.85, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, 4.00 and 5.00, just received this line of goods in double-breasted Reefer suits and are extra good values.

In Overcoats we start the season from \$1.00, and as fine and as tasty as can be obtained.



Kilt Suits.

For children from 2 to 5 years, from \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00.



Splendid Business Suits.

For men from \$7 to \$15; see our Window Display.

Come to Headquarters for Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods and Hats—The Largest Establishment in Central Missouri—the

ST. LOUIS CLOTHING CO., COR. SECOND AND OHIO.